The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued]

CHAPTER VI. THE PRISONER'S STORY.

March 14th, 1863—At one o'clock p m. we marched out of Libby Prison, and we did not see the place again till the following spring, (1865) on our return from "Appomattox," as a triumphant army; we marched through Richmond, with music and unfurled banners, past Libby, which was then filled with "Johnnies," who crowded windows and doors to see the Yankee Army pass; we "guyed" them: Say, Johnnie, how do you like Libby? Very much, they good humoredly answered. But we return to our march from Libby. We reached the dock, and marched aboard the Confederate Steamer "William Allison;" we cast loose and were on our way home, down the historic James, all excitement and expectation. Slavery was not dead in Virginia. There was a young negro on the boat, and a squad of southern men, standing aside, watched the "Coon" and whispered; then walked up to him and asked, where are you going? I just take dis trip on de boat, he said. Who do you belong to? came next. I'se free man. Where is your home? etc. They were not satisfied; they watched him closely, but I did not see the end of this matter. I thought then, and still believe that he was a contraband on a trial trip toward freedom.

In slavery days no Coön could travel without a passport, and it was worth from fifty to one hundred dollars to catch and return a runaway slave.

We steamed along for an hour, almost wild with expectation, and delighted with the beautiful scenery along the noble and historic James river; members of the Steamer's crew pointed out and named every point of interest, of which there was a continuous chain.

We now reached Drury's Bluff, ten miles below Richmond. Here the James river was effectually obstructed. A row of piles had been driven across the channel, and three rows of vessels had also been sunk in the channel; parts of the hulls and the great side wheels of several standing high out of the water, leaving only a narrow gateway, in comparatively shoal water open.

Drury's Bluff is an abrupt knoll, bordering on the water's edge on the south side of James river, rising two hundred feet above the river's water level Safely perched upon this cliff, and high above the reach of the guns of the Union iron clad fleet, was Fort Darling, well and scientifically constructed, mounting fourteen heavy guns, mostly one hundred pounder rifled guns, none less than eight-inch shell guns, and all so mounted that they could be pointed directly down on the decks of passing vessels.

On the north side, just below is Chapin's Bluff, crowned with batteries almost as formidable.

Here the advance of the Union Ironclad fleet was effectually stopped and driven back in May 1862 The advance by water upon Richmond was never again attempted.

Some miles below we passed the Confederate squadron of sloping sided iron-clad Gun Boats, a beautiful and formidable looking fleet, at anchor, with banked fires, keeping watch of the Yankee fleet, a much stronger and finer fleet, only a few miles below, through which we passed shortly after exchanging with them whistle salutes.

Near Chapin's Bluff our steamer ran into a sand bar, on which we hung fast till some time in the night, when we got off, and reached Aiken's Landing, the place of exchange, at midnight.

During the night several prisoners fell over board and were drowned, and five died. One of these was James Walters, Co. "D" P. V. Cav., my partner on this trip. He did not seem sick, but weak! and like hundreds of others, fell asleep, never to wake again. He died during the night, under the same blanket that also covered me and another soldier. We did not know that he was dead till we roused up in the morning.

The night was intensely dark and stormy; just as day was dawning, a soldier ran into our compartment, shouting: "Aiken's Landing! The U. S. Steamer, 'City of New York,'" is at anchor alongside, a U. S. Flag, big enough to cover this boat, floating at its main staff! Instantly we jumped up and rushed out to see the grand old banner, which we had not seen for so long. A long, loud, hoarse shout went up, and tears came to the eyes of many hardened soldiers, as they once more looked upon our own starry flag as it waved lazily, yet proudly, and de-

Continued at foot of next column.

THE FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

The Greatest Success Attended Each Session—Brief Account.

The Farmers' Institute held in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, Wednesday and Thursday of last week was fraught with the greatest interest While in attendance, Colonel John A Woodward, the county institute manager, rendered valuable assistance in keeping those present in a good state of mind.

George L. Goodhart, the chairman, proved an admirable man in that capacity. He has given his entire life to the great industry for the betterment of which the institute is calculated, and his selection to the position of chairman by his fellow farmers was deserved recognition.

The several sessions of the institute were attended by the most intelligent and progressive farmers in the entire territory which reasonably might be said to belong to the Centre Hall institute district. The Thursday afternoon audience was a remarkable one, not for size particularly, but for its personnel. It was not a congregation of chronic growlers against high taxes and low prices—quite the reverse. Their discussions styled them optimists rather than pessimists; their appearance and movements industrious rather than laggards; their speech intelligence rather than ignorance; their appearance indicated prosperty rather than poverty.

One of the pleasant features of the institute was the social mingling of those in attendance, both before and after the close of the sessions. Another enjoyable feature was the music rendered by a select choir.

No effort will be made to give a sketch of any of the talks on the various topics discussed, all, however, were of great importance to the average farmer and were discussed with intelligence.

The following resolution was adopted by the institute:

Resolved: That we tender a rising vote of thanks to J. S. Burns, A. L Brubaker and Prof. R. L. Watts for their valuable instruction during the Farmers' Institute held in Grange Arcadia, and that we also tender our sincere thanks to the choir for the very excellent music.

The Watts Type Correct.

Speakers of the type of Prof. R. L. Watts, of Cambria county, are the correct type to speak before Farmers' Institutes. Prof. Watts is an educated gentleman—a graduate of Pennsylvania State College, 18—. Besides being educated, he has had practical experience.

The farmers of Pennsylvania have a right to expect speakers at their institutes who have intellectual ability; who can speak authoritatively and intelligently, grammatically and distinctly. Prof. Watts can do all that.

The Agricultural Department at Harrisburg needs a fearless man with a good, strong blue pencil, to mark "antiquated." "unsuited," "lack of intellect," etc., after some of the speakers now employed.

The Watts type is correct.

Colonel Guffey, National Committeeman from Pennsylvania, is said to be a candidate for the national chairmanship.

Continued from first column.

flantly in the strong south wind.

The "City of New York" had brought down a batch of Confederate prisoners for exchange. They crowded thick along the "rail" of the vessel, and steadily looked at us. We hurled some Confederate corn bread bricks into their crowd, and told them that was what they would get to eat when they got home. They gathered them up, and began to eat them with apparent great relish, and called for more.

Some of our men threw their corn bread into the river; it thumped and sank to the bottom like a stone. The story often heard, that this corn bread was baked out of corn chop, cob and all ground together is not true. To this day (1904) I have some of this same corn bread, issued to me in 1864, in my collection of relics, where it may be seen and examined by any one who may have been misled by the old canard.

At this point, let us further "give the devil his dues." Let the truth be told, Jefferson Davis, president of the Southern Confederacy, was by some radical talkers and writers of the time, blamed as the cause of harsh treatment shown the Union Soldiers in Confederate prisons. As a matter of fact, President Davis had no more to do with the Union Soldiers in Confederate prisons, than President Lincoln had to do with the Confederate soldiers in northern prisons. But, it can not be successfully denied that the hitch lay in President Lincoln's Cabinet. From there the cruel suggestion emanated to "Stop Exchange."

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE AT BOALSBURG.

The teachers' local institute held at Boalsburg, Friday and Saturday, was one of the most successful ever held in the second institute district. The institute was remarkable for the large attendance of teachers and spectators; remarkable for the number of teachers who took an active part in discussions; remarkable for the great interest manifested by spectators; remarkable for unity of action and sameness of opinion on all points of importance in the discussion of the various seasonable subjects on the well arranged program. In fact, the institute is not open to criticism.

The session Friday evening was unusually large for a gathering of that character, and the strictest attention was paid to every speaker.

After the rendering of a selection of music, and the invocation offered, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher delivered the address of welcome. A response was made by Miss Flo. R. Duck, and then the question of the evening was opened by Rev. A. A. Black. The subject was "Centralization of Schools." The speaker treated the question as it would apply to Harris township, and in his remarks, which were backed by figures, plainly proved that centralization could be effected in Harris township at no greater cost than the present system. The gain would be graded schools, with more efficient instructors and supervision by a more proficient head. Rev. Black's talk was a clear statement of facts known to be correct by the major part of the audience. These facts, however, had never before been thrown together to prove the practicalness of centralization of schools in Harris township, and they were received with the greatest interest.

Prof. M. E. Heberling, of Pine Grove Mills, was the next speaker on this subject. He spoke of centralization in a general way, and among other things stated that the schools of today are better than those of ten years ago, but that perfection could only be reached by centralization.

Adam Hosterman expressed a sentiment, which if generally accepted, would give ideal schools. It was this: That the expenditure of the least dollars and cents was not the question that should agitate the mind of school boards, but to do the best for the children.

Henry Hosterman, instructor of the Boalsburg Grammar grade, related his knowledge of centralization gained by living in a district where the same was in operation. His declarations proved the feasibleness of centralization; its cost less than the old system; and results all ever claimed by those who advocate the plan.

Fingerboards pointing toward centralization of schools was the phase of the question briefly dwelt on by S. W. Smith, who stated that everywhere signs were visible. Among the fingerboards mentioned were these:

1. The fact that the question was being discussed at the time.

2. The movement by the national and state governments toward building good roads.

3. The exodus of the rural population, especially young people; (*a*) reduction of the number of school children; (*b*) the relative increase of cost per capita, for education owing to the decrease in numbers of scholars.

4. The increase, by law, of the salary of school teachers.

R Bruce Harrison spoke in an inquiring way as to the cost of transportation, comfort of the children while being transported, etc.

Following this was a recitation by Miss Beulah Fortney.

"How can the patron assist the teacher," was a topic discussed by many of the teachers. Hon. W. A Murray was called on by the chairman to give his views on this subject, and while doing so he gave many useful hints to parents.

The session Saturday morning, after the opening song, began by discussing "Teaching music in our public schools." The first speaker was Miss Effie Snyder, who is a music enthusiast, and predicted that in the course of time a regular course would be adopted.

Miss Rebecca Moyer very truthfully said that not all school teachers were music teachers, and that it would be difficult for such to do anything in that line. She suggested motion songs; boys who could not sing could be permitted to whistle; songs appropriate to the season, weather, holidays, etc, should be sung both for the music in them and to impress the sentiment.

Prof. P. H. Meyer, who had in charge the musical part of the program, thought the rudiments of music ought to be taught. The discussion then became general.

Prof. John A. Young, Prof. Jacob Diehl and Prof. Henry Hosterman spoke at some length on the subject of "Advantages and disadvantages of a uniform course of study."

"School Libraries" was the next topic discussed. The subject was opened by E. K. Smith. Others on the program gave their time to Col. D. F. Fortney, who kindly consented to speak to the institute. Col. Fortney's remarks covered the subject completely, and were of such a character that the whole of it would bear printing, but for the limited space in a paper such as the Reporter.

Recitation—Bertha O. Duck.

Continuation of discussion on school libraries followed D. F. Fortney's talk, during which Rev. A. A. Black, Theodore Boal and others gave some instructive talks touching chiefly the library question in Boalsburg.

Discussion on reading and speaking in primary schools. Miss Gertrude Wieland opened the discussion and was followed by Miss Maude Irvin, Miss Rebecca J. Moyer, Miss Effie Snyder, and Mrs. Frank McFarlane.

One of the most delightful and most thoroughly enjoyed features of the institute was participated in by some forty persons—teachers, directors and ministers—at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Davis Boal, immediately west of Boalsburg, Friday evening.

To answer to an invitation to the Boal home, under any circumstances, may always be looked forward to with the greatest anticipation of pleasure without fear of disappointment, but when an entire body of educators is invited to feast with a family so thoroughly in sympathy with all educational movements, there is special reason for enjoyment.

The occasion was one during which not only the animal but the intellect was fed.

It was decidedly a profitable half-hour or hour that each one spent among the curios, mostly implemen t of war, tastily arranged in a department especially fitted up for that purpose. Among the hundred or more collections exhibited, a few of the most noteworthy are enumerated:

A full suit of Venetian plate armor of the latest period, prior to the abolition of armor owing to the introduction of fire arms.

A shirt of mail formerly worn by the captains of Venetian war galleys, each ring of which was riveted by hand.

Scotch claymore, worn by a captain of Cameron Highlanders, who was killed while engaged outside Alexandria.

Military torture-collar, Savoyard Italian cross bow, halbards, pikes, a dagger for the left hand from the celebrated Toledo manufactory of swords.

Pistol with blunderbuss mouth and spring bayonet, which belonged to an Italian bandit, of the beginning of the nineteenth century.

Light Oriental shirt of mail to wear under clothes, used to turn dagger points only.

Helmets of half a dozen types, oldest of which comes from China, and dates back to the thirteenth century.

No less entertaining were the host and hostess, and Mademoiselle Denis de Lagarde, sister of the latter, a pretty French girl in her teens.

Everywhere in the Boal home were visible evidences of distinguished ancestors, individual knowledge and skill, travel and art, and love for home, all of which afforded instruction and entertainment to all guests.

The teachers who registered, the township in which they teach, and their home address, is appended:

Centre Hall, whole number teachers, four.
- J. A. Young, New Columbia.
- Flo. R. Duck, Spring Mills.
- Rebecca Moyer, Rebersburg.

College Twp., whole number teachers, nine.
- E. K. Smith. Oak Hall.
- S. C Bathgate, Lemont.
- Edward Williams, Boalsburg.
- Eva C. Bathgate, Lemont.
- Frank Young, Boalsburg.
- Arthur Peters, Oak Hall.

Ferguson Twp., whole number teachers, sixteen.
- Jacob Deihl, Green Castle.
- M. E. Heberling, Pine Grove Mills.
- Margaret Keichline, Pine Grove Mills.
- Gertrude Keichline, Pine Grove Mills.
- G. B. M. Frey, Pine Grove Mills.
- A. L. Bowersox, Pa. Furnace.
- A. Maude Irvin, Pa. Furnace.
- John Reich, Pa. Furnace.
- Harry M. Walker, State College.
- Annie K. Loesch, State College.

Harris Twp., whole number teachers, six.
- S. Ward Gramley, Spring Mills.
- H. M. Hosterman, Boalsburg.
- Gertrude C. Wieland, Linden Hall.
- G. C. Hosterman, Boalsburg.
- B. B. Harrison, Boalsburg.
- DellaGarbrick, Linden Hall.

Potter Twp., whole number teachers, sixteen.
- Edna M. Krumrine, Tusseyville.
- Blanche V. Reesman, Tusseyville.
- John H. Bitner, Tusseyville.
- H. F. Burkholder, Centre Hill.
- Bertha O. Duck, Spring Mills.
- Vera M. Grove, Centre Hill.
- S. G. Walker, Penn Hall.
- Jennie Sweetwood, Potters Mills.

The success of the institute was in a large measure due to the activity of the chairman, Prof. S. Ward Gramley, both before and during the sessions.

HEALTH LAWS.

Why Communities are Exposed to Contagious Diseases.

The frequency with which communities are exposed to contagious diseases is being much discussed. This exposure is due largely to the fact that the health laws of the state are totally ignored, in many instances, by physicians in charge.

For the public good, the Reporter here wishes to call attention to an act of the legislature signed by Governor Hastings, June 18th, 1895, which today is operative and which should be enforced:

Section 1. That every physician located or practicing in any of the municipalities of this Commonwealth, who shall know that any person whom she or he is called upon to visit, or who comes or is brought to him or her for examination, is suffering from, or is afflicted with cholera, small pox (variola or varioloid,) diphtheria, diphtheritic croup, membranous croup, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, typhus fever, yellow fever, epidemic cerebro-spinal fever, relapsing fever or leprosy, shall forthwith make report *in writing*, to the health authorities of the municipality in which said person may be located, which said report shall, over his or her own signature, state the name of the disease, and the name, age and sex of the person suffering therefrom, and shall also set forth by street and number, or otherwise sufficiently designate, the house, room or other place in which said person may be located, together with such other information relating thereto as may be deemed important by said health authorities.

Section 2. Upon receipt by the health authorities of a report of the existence of a case of any of the above diseases, in any of said municipalities, they may at once place, or cause to be placed, in a conspicuous place or places upon or near the house or premises in which said case may be located, a placard or placards upon which shall be printed in large letters the name of the disease from which the person or persons in said house or premises may be suffering as aforesaid, as the case may be: Provided, That variola or varioloid shall be placarded as "small-pox," and that diphtheritic croup and membranous croup shall be placarded as "diphtheria."

Section 21. Provides that any physician, or person in authority, who shall fail, neglect or refuse to comply with, or who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be liable to a fine of not less than $5 00, or more than $100, and in default of payment thereof may be imprisoned for a period not exceeding sixty days.

When there is no regularly organized board of health, the school board constitutes a board of health.

To enlighten the reader of the probable fatal results of scarlatina, scarlet-rash, etc., to which little attention is paid by either physicians, boards of health, or patients, the following is reprinted from a circular issued by the State Board of health, entitled

"PRECAUTIONS AGAINST SCARLET FEVER."

Scarlet fever (called also scarlatina, scarlet-rash, canker-rash, and rash-fever) is a highly contagious and infectious disease, to be dreaded more than small-pox, for it cannot be prevented by vaccination, and its victims in our country are far more numerous than those from small-pox. Those recovering from scarlet fever are often left with great physical defects, such as blindness, deafness, paralysis and impaired minds. Scarlet fever and diphtheria have been justly dreaded as the most terrible diseases of childhood. It is therefore, highly desirable that every one should understand the nature of this disease, and the means to prevent its spread. It is always attended with a bright scarlet eruption on the skin, and is usually accompanied by a sore throat. Whenever children have sore throats, or an eruption of the skin, even of a mild character, they should be separated from the rest of the family until a physician has seen them, or these symptoms have disappeared. It must never be forgotten that the mildest type of scarlet fever may communicate the most fatal form of the disease. Although during the past few years the type of this disease has been mild, it may at any time and occasionally does show all its former malignity.

HOW THE DISEASE IS SPREAD.

Scarlet fever is believed to be caused by a special poison (contagium) which may be conveyed, to persons previously unaffected, by personal contact, by infected clothing, rags, hair, or paper, or by any of the discharges from the sick. The seeds or germs of this terrible disease may be received from anything which has touched the sick person. The discharges from the bowels, the kidneys, the nose, and the mouth, are considered to be extremely dangerous, as also all the discharges from the eyes, ears and skin. A person who has had scarlet fever is to be considered dangerous so long as the skin remains in an unhealthy condition, or continues to peel off in scales or flakes This is not less than six weeks.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Marcellus Sankey, of Potters Mills, was a caller Saturday.

A regular meeting of Progress Grange will be held Saturday afternoon.

The second reunion of the Shaffer family is to be held at Hecla Park, June 15th.

Miss Alda Sankey, of near Lewistown, is visiting among friends and relatives in Centre Hall.

The Lock Haven Daily Democrat beginning last Saturday, will publish an eight page, instead of a four page paper, on that day.

The program for the district Sunday school convention to be held at Lemont Saturday afternoon and evening, appears in this issue.

The annual football game between the Carlisle Indians and Bucknell University is scheduled to be played at Williamsport on October 8th.

Henry Homan, who for several years has lived on the Odenkirk farm at the Old Fort, will move to the Wilson farm, near Centre Hall railroad station.

Mrs. Miller Goodhart and sons, of Farmers Mills, were the guests of the former's mother, Mrs Mary A. Ross, and Miss Emily Alexander, in this place, over Sunday.

Charles Weaver and Frank Decker drove several head of fine fat cattle through Centre Hall Monday morning. The same were purchased by Mr. Kerstetter, of Bellefonte.

The dairyman will find it to his interest to consult B. F. Homan, of Oak Hall Station, agent for the National Separator. Write to him for a catalogue. tf.

Thomas J. Sexton, Esq, of Bellefonte, will be associated in the law business with Frances A. Hauber, Esq., of St. Mary's. Mr. Sexton left Bellefonte last week for his new location.

Wm. Zerby, of near Spring Mills, was in town Saturday. He thinks the Wabash has selected a very good line through Georges Valley. His property is left about thirty rods to the north of the proposed railroad.

Clinton county, with a total of six hundred and twenty miles of road, finds that under the new road law it has a credit of $2,870, its share of the $500,000 appropriated for roads during the first year of the laws operation.

Boalsburg, Harris and College townships were represented at the farmers' institute by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Glenn, Jonathan Tressler, Owen Mothersbaugh, Isaac Tressler, John Dale, Willard Dale, B. F. Homan, and others.

In the March Delineator exquisite Spring styles and illustrated articles on topics of fashion are supplemented by literary features of uncommon interest and value. In fiction there is a delicate romance by Richard Le Gallienne, The Shadow of the Rose.

You are asked to remember that the Rebekahs will hold a social in their rooms in the Bank building, Friday evening of this week. Oysters, ice cream, cake and coffee will be served. This is their first social, and they no doubt will do all in their power to please.

The Bunker Hill (Illinois) News publishes an address by Dr. S. L. Stiver, delivered at a teachers' local institute, on the subject of "Genesis of the American Spelling Book." In his address Dr Stiver refers to a number of spelling books and primers that are now of great historic interest.

The soft weather Friday, Saturday and Sunday cut the snow wonderfully, and exposed the great amount of filth accumulated. Sunday morning there was a slight rain, accompanied by an electrical display, but not sufficient to wash the soil and remaining snow banks. Monday morning it was quite cold.

Malcolm D. Fleming, son of Julian Fleming, of this place, is manager of the Morton C. Stout & Company's merchant tailoring establishment in Washington, D. C. He had formerly been employed with the same firm at Baltimore, Md. The Stout Company, besides its Washington and Baltimore establishments, does business on an extensive scale at Wheeling, W. Va.; Richmond, Va. and Philadelphia.

John A. Yearick, of near Farmers Mills, who will make sale of his farm stock and implements March 14, will move to the Vonada homestead, one mile east of Zion, which he recently purchased from Adam Vonada, of Madisonburg. The farm contains seventy-three acres, sixty-five of which are under cultivation. Mr. Yearick will be succeeded as tenant on the Andrew Corman farm by D. Geiss Wagner, of Manhattan, Illinois.

BALTIMORE A CITY OF RUINS

Business Section of the City Almost Completely Wiped Out.

Wholesale Houses, Banks and Newspaper Offices Reduced to Ashes.

Fire, which started at 10.50 o'clock Sunday morning, devastated practically the entire central business district of Baltimore, and at 3 A. M. Monday the flames were still raging with as much fury as at the beginning.

To all appearances Baltimore's business section is doomed. Many of the principal banking institutions, all the leading trust companies, all the largest wholesale houses, all the newspaper offices, many of the principal retail stores and thousands of smaller establishments went up in flames, and in most cases the contents were completely destroyed.

What the loss will be in dollars no man can even estimate, but the sum will be so gigantic that it is hard for the average mind to grasp its magnitude. In addition to the pecuniary loss, will be the immense amount of business lost by the necessary interruption to business while the many firms whose places are destroyed are making arrangements for resuming business.

There is little doubt that many men, formerly prosperous, will be ruined by the events of the last 24 hours. Many of them carry little or no insurance, and it is doubtful if many of the insurance companies will be able to pay their losses dollar for dollar, and those that do will probably require time in which to arrange for the payment.

All day and all night throngs crowded the streets, blocking every avenue to the fire district and moving back out of danger only when forced to do so by the police on duty. Many of the spectators saw their all go up in flame before their eyes, and there were men with hopeless faces and despairing expressions seen on every hand. In fact, the throng seemed stunned with the magnitude of the disaster and scarcely seemed to realize the extent of it.

They stood around usually in dazed silence, and only occasionally would a word of despair be heard. That they were almost disheartened was apparent to the casual observer, and there is little wonder, for the crushing stroke fell with the suddenness of lightning from a cloudless sky.

At 10.50 o'clock in the morning the automatic fire alarm box, No. 854, in the basement of the wholesale dry goods house of John E. Hurst & Co., German Street and Hopkins Place, sounded an alarm. Almost before the alarm had reached the various engine houses the entire building was a roaring mass of flames from top to bottom.

After burning for perhaps 10 minutes there was a loud explosion from the interior of the building as the gasoline tank used for the engine in the building let go. Instantly the immense structure collapsed and the flying, flaming debris caused the flames to be communicated to the adjacent buildings on all four corners.

By this time the first of the fire apparatus had reached the scene and was quickly put to work, but the fire had already gone beyond control and swept with irresistible force and incredulous swiftness on its devastating way. It was known that the conflagration would prove vastly destructive, but not one of those who witnessed it at this time imagined for an instant the terrible results that would ensue.

MILLIONS IN A FEW BLOCKS.

A very careful and conservative estimate of the loss in the wholesale business district, in which the fire originated, places it at something over $80,000,000. This district is bounded by Baltimore, Liberty, Charles and Lombard streets and contained many of the largest dry goods, clothing and shoe houses in the city, besides two prominent banks—the National Exchange and Hopkins Place Savings Bank.

The estimate is for each building in this section, the loss given representing the building with its contents. According to this the heaviest losers were John E. Hurst & Co., R. M. Sutton & Co., and the Daniel Miller Company; all of which were heavily stocked with dry goods, and in each of which cases the loss in building and contents was placed at $1,500,000 The Armstrong, Cator & Co.'s loss is estimated at half a million, and the great majority were $100,000 or more apiece. This district contained about 125 buildings, among them some of the finest business structures in town which were occupied by more than 150 firms.

KILLED BY YAQUI INDIANS.

Savages Hold Up Stage and Mounted Troops Are in Pursuit.

Denver, Col. (Special).—A News special from Guayamas, Mex., says:

Passengers arriving from Ortiz, on the Sonora Railroad, brought the first news of a terrible outrage committed by Yaqui Indians.

The stage which runs between Ortiz and Las Cruces was held up by savages and all on board, numbering six persons, were killed. Among them were Salvador Flores and his nephew, Francisco Flores. They were both prominent in Sonora. There were fifteen Indians, according to the recollection of Francisco Flores, who did not expire until he was picked up by a party of vaqueros traveling in the opposite direction.

When the massacre was discovered officers in charge of the garrison at Ortiz were notified and a detachment of mounted troops has gone in pursuit of the Indians.

DYNAMITE PLOT ON RAILROAD.

Superintendent Receives Demand for $10,000 and Threat.

Hazelton, Pa. (Special).—Details of an alleged dynamite plot along the Lehigh Valley Railroad, 20 miles north of White Haven, came to light. T. H. Pindell, of Wilkesbarre, superintendent of the Wyoming Division of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, last week received an anonymous letter saying that if $10,000 was not deposited at Lake Station, on the Wilkesbarre Mountain, between 10 a. m. Saturday and the same hour Sunday morning, that section of the line would be blown up.

Sheriff Albert Jacobs was notified, and he, with a posse, patrolled the tracks 24 hours, but no attempt was made to carry out the threat. A guard is still maintained by the railroad company between Fairview and Lake Station.

Philippine Commission Vacancy.

Washington (Special).—Much of the time of the Cabinet meeting was consumed in the selection of a commissioner to fill the vacancy on the Philippine Commission caused by the resignation of Governor Taft and the promotions of Messrs. Wright and Ide. It was stated that the choice has been made of a person in the United States, but that his name is withheld until his acceptance is received.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of New York decided that the provision forbidding the use of the American flag as a trade mark was unconstitutional.

John D. Payne, of Woodbury, N. J., who killed William Minks, the father of his sweetheart, was convicted of manslaughter, with a recommendation of mercy.

C. W. Thompson was arrested in Chicago on the charge of using the mails to defraud. Women are alleged to have been his victims.

The executive committee of the National Council of Women elected representatives to the International Congress, to be held in Berlin.

Dan Baker and his brother were murdered in their home, in Nebraska, and Barker's brother was arrested.

Six persons perished in the flames in a fire at Trenton, a mining village, near Mahoney City, Pa.

Sixto Lopez, who has refused to take the oath of allegiance, will be deported from Manila.

The federal grand jury of Missouri has, it is said, indicted a number of agents of express companies who acted as agents for liquor sellers in Kansas and the prohibition counties of Texas.

It was reported that a band of Yaqui Indians had massacred the passengers on a stage that runs between Ortez and Las Cruces in Mexico.

The official call for the Prohibition National Convention, in Indianapolis June 29, has been issued.

Theodor Lewald, the German commissioner to the St. Louis Exposition, reached New York on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm.

Foreign.

Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany was thrown from his horse while riding at the head of his company of guards at Potsdam, but was not injured.

The Hereros in German Southwest Africa murdered Assistant Director Hoepner, of the Colonial Bureau, and Herr Watermeyer, an agricultural expert.

By an eruption of the volcano of Merapi, on the Island of Java, 12 persons were burned to death and 20 severely injured.

AN INSULT TO THE FLAG

Santo Domingo Rebels Fire Upon Yankee Launch.

ENGINEER OF THE BOAT KILLED.

United States Minister Powell Instructs the Captain of the Cruiser to Take Drastic Measures to Avenge the Shooting and the Insult to the Flag—American Marines Protect the German Consul.

San Domingo (Special).—The insurgents deliberately fired on the launch of the auxiliary cruiser Yankee, killing J. C. Johnston, the engineer. The bullet entered his head above the eye.

United States Minister Powell has directed the captain of the Yankee to take drastic measures to avenge Johnston's death and this insult to the American flag.

Johnston will be buried on shore.

San Domingo.—The German consul here has requested United States Minister Powell to afford protection to Herr Worman, the German vice consul, that he might bring his family into the city, as the insurgents have given Mr. Worman 48 hours to leave where he is or suffer the consequences.

Consequently, Mr. Powell secured a guard of 60 men from the United States cruiser Columbia, and informed the government that it was the intention of the German consul and himself to bring Herr Worman's family into the city, and asked the government that its troops not fire upon this party while it was on its mission. He said that if fired upon the party would protect themselves. The guard started out. As soon as they passed outside the city they were covered by the guns of the Columbia. No attack was made, and the Worman family and their belongings were brought back here in safety.

All the houses outside the city walls have been pillaged. The insurgents are desperate, and are destroying foreign property wherever they find it. Mr. Powell has received urgent appeals to protect foreign property against this pillaging, and the Columbia may be compelled to land marines to do so.

The firing around the city continues. The situation is serious, the prices of provisions are very high, and the poor are suffering from want of food.

It is rumored that Santa Barbara de Samana and Sanchez have been retaken by the insurgents.

This city is surrounded by insurgents. They have sent to the government a demand that the city surrender within 24 hours, threatening otherwise to enter it by force. The government has made no reply to this demand, and an attack is expected. The fortifications are strongly guarded, and preparations are being made to resist the insurgents.

FLAG LOWERED IN CUBA.

Final Act in Insuring the Island's Independence.

Havana (Special).—The last vestige of the American occupation of Cuba disappeared Thursday when the American flag was lowered from the Cabana barracks and the last battalion of American soldiers marched to the Triscornia pier and boarded the United States Army transport Sumner.

Standing on the plain near Cabana fortress, between a line of American and a line of Cuban troops and surrounded by a crowd of Americans and Cubans, President Palma feelingly voiced his appreciation of all that the Americans have done for Cuba.

The Sumner had brought the Seventeenth and Nineteenth companies of United States Artillery from Santiago, and these troops participated with the Twenty-first and Twenty-second companies, who have been stationed here, in the evacuation of the Cabana barracks.

President Palma and the members of his cabinet, General Rodriguez, commander of the rural guards; United States Minister Squiers and the members of the legation staff took their places facing the center of the parade ground. The lines of troops consisted of the four American artillery companies, a company of Cuban artillery, a company of rural guards on foot and a troop of rural guards, mounted.

"BLUEBEARD" BOND CONTEST.

International Fight Grows Out of Property Lost in Iroquois Fire.

Chicago (Special).—The United States Government has become a party to the complications growing out of the Iroquois fire. "Mr. Bluebeard," said to be the most pretentious extravaganza ever sent on the road in America, was not an American property. The scenery, costumes and the greater portion of the electrical effects were owned by the Drury Lane Company, of London, England. They were leased by Klaw & Erlanger—not purchased. As a consequence, when the spectacular mass of light and color was brought to the United States for temporary use a bond was filed with the Government in lieu of payment of duty, guaranteeing that the property would be exported to its owners within a period of six months. It is the bond that British and Chicago claimants are now seeking to reach.

At the same time representatives of Klaw & Erlanger are engaged with equal industry in an effort to secure a release of the bond through proof that the property is now non-existent—that it was annihilated in the theatre fire.

The value of the destroyed scenery, wardrobe and effects is estimated at between $40,000 and $60,000. As a protection to the Government for duties alone in the event of failure to return the plant to the country of its origin a bond of $18,000 was filed. British underwriters insured the property in part for the Drury Lane Company, and it is upon them and upon the Drury Lane Company the property loss will fall.

Would Not Outlive Wife.

Philadelphia (Special).—William Anderson, a young married man of this city, committed suicide under pathetic circumstances. He was informed by a physician that his wife, who had given birth to a daughter, was dying. He immediately picked up a revolver and saying, "If she goes, I'm going, too," shot himself through the head. His wife died a few minutes after the shooting, and he passed away late tonight. Besides the baby, they leave a four-year old daughter.

BOXING PLAY WITH A BIG DOG.

Man Who Had Taught the Animal to Fight Him Receives Lunge.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special).—After training a Great Dane dog to fight in an almost human manner by hurling his heavy body through the air like a battering ram, Henry A. Thorne, who lived in East Rittenhouse street, Germantown, met death as a consequence of his lessons to the beast.

The dog, a mixture of Dane and English bulldog blood, had been taught by Thorne to stand upon its hind legs, and with extended paws lunge forward at its opponent, who donned boxing gloves and dealt stunning blows at the beast, in an effort to ward off its attacks.

Tuesday while the dog and Thorne were engaged in pugilistic combat the beast became frenzied by a particularly heavy blow dealt by Thorne, and hurled itself with such tremendous force that several of Thorne's ribs were broken and his lungs punctured. He died in a short time.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS

Significant Action of Dr. Herran Colombian Charge.

Recommends Big Ships.

Admiral Dewey's suggestions in favor of heavy fighting ships for the Navy prevailed with the House Committee on Naval Affairs over the recommendation of the general board, submitted by Secretary Moody. The Naval Appropriation Bill was completed by the committee after a hearing granted Admiral Dewey. It carries an aggregate appropriation of $95,000,000. The ships authorized are one battleship, two armored cruisers, three scout cruisers and two squadron colliers. The appropriation of $500,000 made last year for two submarine boats was reappropriated, the boats to be purchased in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy. This building program gives a total of 44,000 tons of heavy fighting ships, as compared with 62,000 tons last year. The heavy construction provided will cost $21,750,000, while the lighter construction will bring the cost of the building program up to $28,000,000.

The recommendation of the general board was for one battleship, one armored cruiser, three protected cruisers, four scout cruisers and two colliers. The committee eliminated entirely the three protected cruisers and one of the scout cruisers recommended by the board, and added one armored cruiser.

Provision was made for an armor-plate factory to cost $4,000,000, which the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to construct in case he cannot secure armor plate from private bidders at a reasonable price. For the Guantanamo, Cuba, naval station an appropriation of $365,500 was made, and for that at Olongapo, P. I., $862,000 was authorized.

An addition of 3000 men is authorized to the personnel of the Navy.

Exposition Stamps.

An order for the first issue of the new Louisiana Purchase Exposition postage stamps, which are to be placed on sale at all postoffices in the United States May 1, has been sent to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing by Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden. It calls for the printing of 90,000,000 of the one-cent stamps, bearing the portrait of Robert R. Livingston; 225,000,000 of the two-cent stamps, bearing the portrait of Thomas Jefferson; 7,500,000 of the three-cent, with Monroe's portrait; 9,500,000 of the five-cent, with McKinley's portrait, and 6,500,000 of the ten-cent stamps, with a miniature map of the United States showing the territory acquired by the Louisiana Purchase.

Southern Tobacco Growers Appeal.

The House Ways and Means Subcommittee on Revenue heard a delegation of Southern tobacco growers in favor of the pending bills for the relief of growers by allowing them to stem and twist their own tobacco for commercial purposes without paying a government license. Those appearing included C. E. Baker, of Pembroke, Ky., president of the Farmers' Club of that place; C. H. Fort, president of the Tobacco Growers' Association of Robinson county, Ky.; C. P. Warfield, of Clarksfield, Tenn., B. E. Cooper, of Hopkinsville, Ky., and Representatives Gaines, of Tennessee, and James Smith and Stanley of Kentucky. No action was taken.

In the Departments.

Representative Tawney, of Minnesota, introduced a bill authorizing the consolidation of customs collection districts in the discretion of the President.

The House adopted the Agricultural Appropriation Bill after an unavailing effort had been made to eliminate the seed-distribution section.

Gen. John C. Black, chairman of the United States Civil Service Commission, is seriously ill.

Secretary Shaw has sent a circular letter to the various government depositories notifying them that the government would probably soon call for 20 per cent. of the deposits.

The State Department has advices of the government forces in Uruguay having been forced back upon Montevideo, the capital, by the revolutionists.

United States Marshal B. F. Hackett, of Indian Territory, and a number of deputies were removed for incompetency and other causes.

It is stated that the Cuban Commission has made arrangements with a New York syndicate to take the Cuban loan at par.

The House Committee completed the Naval Appropriation Bill, which carries an appropriation of $95,000,000.

The Agricultural Appropriation Bill, reported to the House, carries an appropriation of $5,711,240.

A bill was introduced in the House to extend the Statute of Limitations to five years.

The Senate Committee on Manufactures took up the Pure-food Bill.

The House passed the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation Bill.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations considered the treaty between the United States and Cuba, carrying into effect the Platt amendment.

SUSPICIOUS OF THE BEAR

Japan Exasperated By Russia's Delay in Reply.

SITUATION AGAIN BECOMES CRITICAL.

A Hastily Summoned Conference of the Japanese Cabinet, the Elder Statesmen and Military and Naval Chiefs Which Is Believed to Forecast Energetic Action—The Two Russian Fleets Form a Combine.

Tokio (By Cable).—A specially summoned conference of the cabinet, elder statesmen and military and naval chiefs was held at the residence of Premier Katsura. The meeting is believed to have been of much importance, though no details of the discussion have been given to the public. Possibly, it foreshadows energetic action on account of Russian procrastination.

Although the government officials continue reticent, it is manifest that the situation is of the gravest and that a crisis is near at hand. The time in which the Russian reply will continue to be a factor in the situation is narrowing.

The patience of the government is becoming exhausted and if the expected answer is delayed many days longer the issuance of an ultimatum by Japan will become inevitable.

The Japanese feel that the existing conditions have entitled them to a more prompt reply, and are bound to infer that the St. Petersburg government is determined not to yield, but is utilizing the time to advance its preparations for war.

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from St. Petersburg, by way of the frontier, says the Russian general staff has given Viceroy Alexieff authority to declare war and open hostilities on his own responsibility if circumstances render it necessarry.

The dispatch adds that an imperial manifesto declaring war is expected if the Japanese government does not accept the conditions proposed in Russia's response, which, it is asserted, will be Russia's last word.

MILITARY HONORS FOR AMBASSADORS.

Will Be Requested of United States When Received by President.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Because of the precedent established by meeting Governor Taft with a troop of cavalry and according to Mr. Root the retiring secretary, the same honor when he left Washington, it is learned that the same courtesy will be requested of this government when the next ambassador is received in audience for the first time by the President. This is the custom observed in other countries, and it is understood that American ambassadors abroad always have insisted on full military honors. It appears that the late Lord Pauncefote, the first ambassador appointed at Washington, neglected to draw up with the State Department the usual protocol providing for the reception of ambassadors. Such a convention is felt by diplomats to be highly desirable. It is said that although the request for military honors for the next ambassador who shall be presented will emanate from his own government, the request will have the indorsement and support of all the governments represented by ambassadors here, and it is believed by diplomats will not meet objection from the government of the United States.

TOKIO AT EXTREME TENSION.

Ultimatum By Japan Is Now Imminently Threatened.

Tokio (By Cable).—Events indicate that the prolonged tension has reached a climax.

Marquis Ito, president of the privy council, was summoned from the country and the Emperor received him. A council of the elder statesmen was held with the War Minister and three admirals.

The highest officials make no pretense of concealment of their exasperation at the tardiness of the Russian reply. An unofficial dispatch yesterday said the Russian decision means war.

The conference lasted several hours. While it was going on Premier Katsura and Foreign Minister Komura had a long audience with the Emperor.

ALL IN HOUSE PERISH.

Mother and Five Children Burned to Death in Council Bluffs.

Council Bluffs, Iowa (Special).—Mrs. Peter Christiansen, mother of five children who perished in their burned home Wednesday night, died as a result of her burns. All of the bodies of the dead children have been recovered.

Mrs. Christiansen was awakened by smoke and flames, which almost filled the house. She left the baby in bed and rushed to a room where her three daughters and a son were asleep. She found the children's room full of flames, and she could not enter. Mrs. Christiansen ran into the street and raised an alarm. Neighbors turned in a fire alarm and tried to enter the house, but the small wooden house burned rapidly, barring entrance. The house and the children was consumed before firemen arrived.

Financial.

It is a long lane that has no turning. Asphalt and Lake Superior shareholders see their stocks advance while others fall.

John W. Gates has swung around and is a bear on coffee, cotton and stocks. He is not supposed to be speculating heavily in wheat or corn.

London sold about 12,000 shares of Pennsylvania. There are still conflicting reports about that company's need for a large sum of money in the near future.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Fire which started at 2 o'clock in the afternoon destroyed the servants' dormitory and contents in the State Normal School. The second floor of the building was taken up by the musical department and contained twelve pianos, all of which were destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss, $35,000, partially covered by insurance. Students made every effort to put out the blaze, aiding the firemen materially. Several young women who were in the music room on the third floor owe their lives to Miss Eula Stevenson, a teacher, who made her way to the floor and guided the girls to safety through the smoke.

Dr. Walter P. Kountz was released from the penitentiary on the pardon granted him for killing J. E. Walsh, the contractor of whom Kountz was jealous because Mrs. Kountz lived at Walsh's house after having quarreled with her husband. An action unprecedented in the local courts was immediately begun against Kountz for damages on behalf of two minor children of Walsh, it being alleged that through his death they are deprived of means to be reared. Mrs. Kountz, whom Dr. Kountz tried to kill when he shot Walsh, has begun suit for divorce.

Owing to the inability of firemen to get water from a frozen fire plug two Bristol residences and their contents were destroyed by fire. The new houses of George P. Nibbs and William Haney caught fire from a defective flue and although the department arrived promptly the firemen were powerless to check the flames. H. P. Case, who was confined to his bed at the Haney residence with typhoid fever, was rescued. The loss is estimated at $10,000.

The Eddystone Foundry and Machine Works, formerly the Gruson Iron Works, at Eddystone, was sold by Geo. E. Darlington, referee in bankruptcy. The sale was attended by a number of Philadelphia iron and steel manufacturers, and the purchasers were Thomas Prosser & Sons, of New York. The property was sold in three lots. The buildings, lands, tool and equipments brought $155,000. The scrap iron brought $12 a gross ton. The third lot, consisting of pig iron, brought $17.50 a ton.

The Board of Pardons has recommended the granting of the commutation allowed under the law of 1901 to prisoners in the penitentiary to George C. Seiple, convicted in Philadelphia, in the Federal Court, in December, 1899, and sentenced by Judge McPherson to five years in Cherry Hill. It has been held that the Pennsylvania law does not apply to Federal prisoners in Pennsylvania prisons. Governor Pennypacker has indorsed the action of the board and the case will now go to the Federal Court, where it will be settled.

Attorney General Carson and State Treasurer Harris had a lively bout in the Judges' salary dispute. Mr. Harris made a request that the Attorney General agree to a case stated for the purpose of securing a judicial interpretation of the new salary act. Mr. Carson declined an declares that the Treasurer will be mandamused if he refuses to pay the Judges.

Twenty-five pet dogs have been killed in Jenner and Quemahoning Townships, Somerset county, to stamp out a threatened epidemic of hydrophobia. In answer to an appeal sent to the Pennsylvania Live Stock Sanitary Board, Dr. Leonard Pearson, State Veterinarian, has been sent there, and has declared a strict quarantine against all dogs in the two townships.

The Schuylkill county controller started to contest the right of the treasurer and register to retain commissions on collateral inheritance tax, mercantile and liquor license funds due to the State. About $2500 a year is involved. This will be a test case for several other counties.

Ever since the unsuccessful attempt of two Norristown prisoners to escape from the county jail two weeks since by assaulting the keepers, the inspectors have been making the discipline of the prison more rigid. All prisoners in the institution now are denied a supply of pepper for individual use. This action was taken because two prisoners had armed themselves with pepper from their weekly allowance to blind their keepers.

Rev. J. D. Detrich, for twenty-six years pastor of the North Wales Reformed Church, one of the most prosperous farmers in the county, has decided not to resign his pastorate to accept a government position at a salary of $2000 a year and expenses.

State Highway Commissioner Hunter has completed a statement showing the road mileage, including turnpikes, of each county in the State and the apportionment of the road construction fund for each county during the present year. Of the $500,000 appropriated for this year, $50,000 is for maintenance and $450,000 for road construction. There are 99,224 miles of road, and the apportionment to the counties is a trifle over $4 a mile, which exhausts the $450,000.

James E. Roderick, chief of the Bureau of Mines, reported to Governor Pennypacker the result of his investigation of the explosion at the Harwick Mine, but it was not made public. Chief Roderick has directed Inspector Cunningham to make a blue print of the mine for the guidance of the Coroner, and has requested that the inquest shall not begin until all bodies have been removed from the mine. The Governor is desirous of having all the light possible thrown on the cause of the explosion in order to recommend legislation that will in the future prevent such accidents. Mr. Roderick instructed the general manager of the Harwick Mine to see that the men in charge of the mine during the cleaning up and repairing are holders of first-class certificates.

A broken flange on a Philadelphia & Reading freight car caused it to leave the track two miles south of Rupert. The train proceeded to Rupert before the accident was discovered, leaving in its wake a badly damaged track. Nearly every rail on the one side of the track for the entire two miles was torn loose, over 1500 bolts being required to repair the damage.

Mrs. Michael Leed, of Rothsville, celebrated her 77th birthday by holding a family reunion. Her eleven children were present, as were most of her seventy-seven grandchildren and thirty-three great-grandchildren.

THE HURRYING HOURS.

How often the thought comes home
to me,
As the moments hurry away,
Of the things I intended to do
Somehow, some time, some day.
There are promises that have not
been kept,
Though I always meant to be true,
But time is too short for all the
things
That a body intends to do.

I will answer a letter, or read a book,
I will write a bit of rhyme;
I will do the things that I ought to
do
Some day when I have time.
So I look beyond, as I hope and plan
For the days that are just ahead,
While the day that is here goes into
the grave
With its opportunities dead.

Today is the day that we have
Of tomorrow we can't be sure;
To seize the chance as it comes along
is the way to make it secure.
For every year is a shorter year,
And this is a truth sublime—
A moment misspent is a jewel lost
From the treasury of time.

—Arthur Lewis.

How Louise Earned a Gown.

By Roe L. Hendrick.

"Louise," said Robert Sears, coming in to supper one hot July afternoon, "do you want to earn the best dress that can be bought in Lisbon—a real beauty?"

"What a question to ask a girl!" replied his sister. "Of course I do!"

"Well, Charlie and I have decided to make you an offer. If you will drive the self-binder to cut our wheat and oats, we will buy whatever materials you may select and pay the dressmaker besides."

"Agreed!" Louise exclaimed with delight.

But Mrs. Sears protested. "It takes a four-horse team to draw the machine," she said, "and Louise never has driven more than a single span. Besides, she would have to operate the lever which ties and throws off the bundles. You should hire some experienced hand, for it is a man's work."

"I only wish we could, mother," Charlie Sears interposed. "We did not wish to ask her, but farm-hands can't be secured at any price. Ira Ford was going to change work with us, but he cut his foot yesterday and will be crippled for a month."

"Your father always believed it impossible to use a machine on the hill lots," their mother said. "I'm afraid you're too venturesome."

"That was simply because he never tried, mother," said Bob. "If we were to cradle those forty acres our harvesting would last till Christmas, I'm afraid. As for the bundle-lever, we have set that so it will work automatically, and Louise can give her entire attention to driving. Both fields can be cut by going round them, ascending the easy slope at the north and coming down the steeper south end. We'll put the blacks on ahead, with old Joe and Dolly behind. Louise really needs to drive only the front team, for the others will follow without any guidance."

"Why, of course!" Louise eagerly declared. "Mamma, please don't you say another word. I should be ashamed to be a country girl and not able to help at a time like this. Haven't I ridden the horse rake and hay-tedder ever since I was ten years old?"

Mrs. Sears sighed, but said no more, and directly after breakfast the next morning Louise climbed to the seat of the self-binder. Charlie handed her the four reins, which she carefully separated and grasped firmly before thirriping to the horses.

She wore a "Shaker" sunbonnet of straw, the strings of which were tied beneath her chin, while her hands were protected by a pair of faded kid gloves. Her short "rainy-day" skirt was of wool, and heavy for the season, but manifestly one of the length which the dignity of her seventeen years usually demanded would have been far less safe.

Prince and Pomp, the black four-year-olds were restless at first, dancing ahead in a manner rather alarming to their driver, but the older horses preserved a stolid pace which reassured her.

Bob and Charlie walked on each side. Once in the field, they would be kept busy arranging the scattered bundles in shocks, so that the long straw might be cured by wind and sun; but now they had opportunity to watch their sister and pass judgment on her skill in driving.

Louise found, as Bob had said, that guiding the leaders was sufficient. The older horses followed docilely in their tracks. When called upon to pass at right angles from the barn-yard to the highway she felt nervous, but the rein in hand and the ponderous machine following made the turn without difficulty, and the narrower passage from the road to the farm lane was managed with equal ease.

Bob and Charlie watched her narrowly, but made no comment. Plainly they were satisfied, or she would have heard to the contrary.

The lane led over the stone bridge and across the creek flats, and thence directly up the steep hill, with a level break near the middle, which made up the greater part of the Valleyview farm. On the summit were the two grain-fields of twenty acres each, wheat having been sown north of the lane and oats to the south. The latter were not yet ripe.

By the time they had reached the gate leading to the wheat-field the blacks had been quieted by the steep ascent, and were no longer prancing. Bob offered to mount the binder and make the first few circuits of the field, but Louise waved him back, saying:

"No, sir; I shall do the whole thing, for if I am to have a fine gown I mean to earn it. All I ask is that you throw the machine into gear."

He did as she requested and she started to the east, the horses trampling in the grain, while a swath eight feet in width was cut close to the fence.

Thus she went about from right to left, and then, turning, circled from left to right, cutting the grain through which the horses had walked in their first round. Formerly Eastern farmers always cut first swath by hand, but in recent years the four-horse self-binder has been made to do the whole work. As Louise started on the second round, Dolly, the mother of the leaders, leaped high in the air and plunged wildly to the right. At the same instant Pomp and Prince started at a headlong pace, the three dragging the unwilling Joe for a few rods, when he, too, squealed loudly and bounded ahead as eagerly as the others. Without warning, and seemingly without cause, Louises four-in-hand was beyond her control, and racing through the standing grain.

The girl tugged frantically at the reins, wholly unable to understand the reason for the break. Something struck her smartly on the cheek, and the blow was followed by a sensation as if a red-hot iron had been applied to the smooth skin. Then she recognized the painful sting of a yellow-jacket, or American field hornet, one of whose domeshaped nests the reaper-knives had destroyed. A side glance showed her some of the paper-like shreds still clinging to the cutter-bar.

About the horses a score of the enraged insects were circling, and two or three of the hornets were making vicious rushes at Louise, who already had been stung several times on the face and arms. Such an attack ordinarily would have inspired her with unreasoning terror, but in the present circumstances she almost forgot the yellow-jackets, thinking only of the infinitely greater danger from the runaway.

There are some fortunate persons whom supreme danger makes cool, and Louise discovered to her surprise that, far from being confused and frightened, she was keenly on the alert. She noted that the swift click of the knives had changed to a throbbing hum, so rapidly were they oscillating, while she kept her seat only by swaying to the violent bounding and rocking of the ponderous machine beneath her.

The horses in their mad effort to escape, had swung to the right. In a few seconds they would collide with the fence at the edge of the lane unless she could steer them through the gate, lower down.

Louise had every reason to fear that the leader would be upset if she turned down the slope, but even that catastrophe involved less danger than to rush headlong into the strong stone and rail fence. The effort must be made at once if at all.

She drew the leaders almost at right angles to the wheel horse before the latter swerved. Then, as the four sprang with great leaps toward the gate, all that saved the machine from overturning was the wide table, the edge of which furrowed the loose soil like a gang-plow. The binder bore the tremendous strain well; apparently nothing had broken.

Charlie and Bob were running and shouting far behind, but Louise could not understand what they were saying; and had she done so it would have been of little benefit to her. She passed through the gateway without mishap, and the horses turned down the lane. She did not dare hope to reach the farmyard in safety, but fortunately there were no obstructions in the direct road.

Louise was gathering her strength to restrain the horses on the steep slope within the cut, when, looking ahead, she nearly lost control of her wits from sheer terror, not for herself, but for the tiny figure which was just emerging from between the high banks. Four-year-old Rose, still far ahead of her mother and aunt, stood directly in the centre of the narrow roadway, helpless from fright, and with no one near enough to effect her rescue in time.

"What shall I do?" Louise cried.

There was no room to pass the little one on either side, and no human arm could have checked the team on that down grade.

They had just swept past the fences at the lower level of the two grain fields. On the right the growing corn stood waist-high over an area of thirty acres, while a field of similar size at the left was in stubble, a heavy growth of clover having been cut from it the week before.

The entrance to the meadow was about midway between her and the child, but two of the bars were up. They were long and slender bass-wood boards, however, and could not offer serious resistance to the horses.

Without an instant's hesitation Louise swung Prince and Pomp to the right hand fence, which they grazed for a rod or two, and then turned them squarely against the bars. The blacks were tender-mouthed and could be guided, but while their insane terror lasted nothing could have checked them. They did not seem to see the bars, but crashed through them without slackening speed in the least.

Louise had made as wide a turn as was possible, but she saw that she could not hope to clear both posts at such an angle. So, purposely, she threw the heavy drive-wheel above which she sat directly against the upper post. The wood snapped like a pipe-stem, leaving a clear road into the meadow. For a second the girl bounded up and down like a feather, but almost by a miracle was not thrown off.

The horses again turned down the hill, parallel with the lane, and the girl had a moment's respite in which she could take stock of her condition. Rose was saved, at all events, and the runaways were in an open field. They had shown themselves amenable to guidance, and now an inspiration came to the driver. Despite its rough usage, she did not believe that the binder was greatly injured, for the knives still hummed as freely as ever, although the binding attachments were disabled through the loss of the driving chain.

Hitherto Louise had thought only of keeping her seat and avoiding fences, trees and stoneheaps. Now, after allowing the horses to run straight down to the foot of the slope, she suddenly threw all her strength upon the left-hand reins, and turned them sharply toward the south end of the meadow. When that boundary was nearly reached, she again turned the leaders in the same direction; but now they were forced to mount the long hill in its steepest part, and the heat and strain quickly overcame them.

Seeing that the time was ripe, Louise pulled as hard as she could just where the slope was steepest, and Pomp and Prince slowed to a walk almost instantly. The older horses needed no restraint, for they had been lagging for some time. The hornets had been left behind soon after they entered the meadow.

Reeking and trembling, the four were ready to halt when they reached the crest; but determined not to give them a chance to start again, Louise headed them into a fence corner before permitting them to stop.

Charlie was still following in the track of the runaway, but Bob had hurried across the upper part of the meadow, and was at their heads almost as soon as the horses had halted.

His services were not needed, however, for Louise felt herself mistress of the situation. After resting a few minutes, she drove back to the wheat field, Pomp and Prince almost needing a whip to urge them into a walk.

Then, as she slipped to the ground, Louise clasped little Rose in her arms and allowed herself the luxury of tears.

No more work could be performed that day, for not only did the binder need certain repairs, but the horses had been severely stung. They were in condition to resume the cutting of the wheat by the following afternoon, however, and Louise completed the task without difficulty; and later she also cut the oats.

Her brothers were as good as their word, buying the handsomest materials that could be found in Lisbon; and with their Aunt Caroline they also joined in the purchase for Louise of a gold watch.—Youth's Companion

Opinions Differ About Hedgehogs.

Won't it jar Vermont farmers, who have complained so eloquently of the depredations of the hedgehog that they have worked the State for a bounty on him, to read this paragraph from the New England Farmer:

"The wise and wideawake farmers in the vicinity of Geneva, N. Y., have organized the Farmers' Animal Protective Association. Their purpose is to check the slaughter of toads, moles, birds and hedgehogs, all of which are good friends to the farmers, because they destroy the bugs and worms that prey upon the farm crops. To carry out their work they will put up bulletins or signboards on fences and barns in their territory, asking children and adults not to kill moles, birds, toads and hedgehogs, and giving the reasons for permitting these creatures to flourish. Every year sees the foes of the pests reduced in numbers, and the result is that every year sees the pests increasing at an alarming rate. The time has come to protect the foes of the pests."—Windham County (Vt.) Reformer.

Painting Mrs. Roosevelt's Portrait.

In a studio building not a thousand miles from Bryant Square Park, one that is occupied for the most part by foreign portrait painters, there is a restaurant where the waiters wear badges made to represent an artist's palette splashed with paint. They all take an interest in the artist-tenants, and relate to the regular patrons of the place what distinguished sitters are posing for the painters. They get to know them partly from the fact that most of the sitters take luncheon in the restaurant, their identities being revealed by the underground gossip that goes on between servants the world over.

"Mrs. Roosevelt was in here to luncheon to-day," one of the waiters confided to a regular diner one night last week. "She was dressed all in black. She is having her portrait painted, you know, Mr. Von Krumhaar." And thus another professional secret was scattered broadcast.—New York Press.

St. Michael's church at Coventry is said to have the widest nave of any English church. It is 125 feet wide. That of York Minster is 104 1-2 feet in width.

The Indian Government now has about six hundred thousand acres of land devoted to opium raising. Most of the product is shipped to China.

FARM AND GARDEN

THE CARE OF MILK.

All milk which is not run through a separator or fed immediately should be cooled as quickly as possible after it is drawn from the cow; not cooled simply to 60 degrees temperature, but to 35 or 40 degrees. If it is to be sold as milk, or the cream is to be taken off and sold, this is very important, and the quicker it is cooled and the lower the temperature the longer and better it will keep sweet and of good flavor. Every farmer who has no separator should have a tank at the pump large enough to hold all of his milk in setters, and cool the milk here by pumping fresh cold water into this tank and changing it several times each day, running the water from this tank to his drink tank; or if he has ice should cool the milk in this tank and then place the cans in another tank of ice water, in which ice is kept at all times. If to be sold, the milk should be stirred once or twice while cooling, and the lids of the cans removed until the heat is out of the milk, unless the milk is submerged, in which case the water absorbs the gases and heat. If the cream is to be removed the milk should not be stirred nor disturbed more than necessary.

When washing milk vessels or utensils, never pour scalding hot water into them until all milk is washed off; if you do you will cook the milk on the tin and a yellow coating will result. Always rinse and wash them first with warm water and a good brush, and use some sal-soda, at least occasionally, in the water, then scald with boiling water or steam, and turn up to dry and air. Be careful to brush all seams and corners. If your milk sours or is off flavor don't blame the other fellow, but see that you are doing your part as you should.—F. M. Parsons in Rural World.

PROFIT IN POULTRY.

Is there anything on the farm that pays better than poultry or the hen? Some say there is no profit in poultry, but this depends upon who is in the business. In many homes the poultry money clothes the children and gives the farmers wife many a necessity that otherwise she would be compelled to go without. Often the hen on the farm is greatly neglected, and has to pick up her food wherever she can find it, yet she attends strictly to business and gives one an idea of her value when carefully attended to. In many of the poorer homes eggs are all the money families ever see, and these are exchanged in the small stores for necessaries. A few years ago it was almost impossible to get cash for eggs in the country, but now there are regular poultry agents who pass over all the leading highways paying the highest market prices for poultry and eggs. Where one gives time and study to poultry it pays wonderfully, and some go so far as to say that the hen is the greatest wealth producer in America. However this may be, it is certain that more attention is being given to poultry than ever before. There are many who use eggs as a substitute for meat, and there will always be a demand for them no matter how much the price varies with the season, and as the highest prices are realized during the holidays one ought to manage so as to have the pullets come into laying at that time. Neither the old fowls nor the pullets will lay during severely cold weather, however, unless given the warmth they require and the proper food.—Laura Jones, in the Eptomist.

FARM TOPICS.

On a soft road wide tires save much pulling.

Lard and kerosene are excellent to remove pitch pine from saws and hands.

Never allow broken glass of any description to lie about the premises.

Whatever makes the home more attractive tends to keep the hearts of the children true to it.

All good farmers keep record books. They not only keep a record of receipts and expenses, but a memorandum of each year's results, with certain crops of animals. Live, wideawake farmers make a note of everything.

If the food is diminished and animals become poor, the amount of food required to get them into good condition would be greater than the amount of food served in an attempt to economize. Keep the stock always in the best condition and the cost of maintenance will be lessened.

The latest spraying mixture has been concocted in Delaware. It is a combination of kerosene oil, stone lime and water.

If a hen does not have access to plenty of water she cannot lay many eggs for the reason that eggs contain more water than anything else.

To make hens profitable the farmer should study their requirements and he can thus better understand how to keep them in laying condition.

If your horse has galls get some red oak bark; steep it, and bathe the parts with the tea. It is a remedy that is used with success by a great many horsemen.

MANURES AND DISEASES.

Manure that has been well decomposed can be used in connection with ashes, potash salts, finely-ground bone or superphosphate. Potatoes are very different in their mode of growth from corn, and are expected to keep well during the winter. It is not necessary to mention how and when potatoes should be planted, in a detailed manner, for every farmer's experience has taught him how such work should be performed, but there are certainly methods of manuring that have been in custom for years which would be changed entirely if the farmer would consider the needs and requirements of his crop while it is expected to produce what he wishes. The surest plan, then, is to experiment on small plots in several ways, and each grower will then better understand the condition of his soil. Formerly, it was supposed that an application of lime would benefit the potato crop, but in recent years it has been discovered that lime favors the conditions for scab, and that to avoid disease care should be exercised in procuring seed from a locality free from disease affecting the potato crop, while it is also an advantage to change to a new location for potatoes every year.—Philadelphia Record.

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY.

The Wisconsin agricultural experiment station has discovered the valuable fact that cheese cured in an atmosphere of low temperature sustains a far less shrinkage than the cheese cured in warmer atmosphere. The discovery is valuable to cheese making throughout the country. By its application manufacturers may put their product through a process of ripening and sustain a far less loss by shrinkage than when the ordinary atmosphere is used. As a result of the discovery cold storage places are so constructed in connection with cheese factories that the temperature can be easily governed, and in these the cheese will be ripened. Underground storage places can be built at comparatively small expense. The results of the experiments are contained in a bulletin just issued by the university agricultural station.—Connecticut Farmer.

CEMENT STABLE FLOORS.

While the cement floors in barns are desirable, and often so when the stalls are floored with them, considerable care must be used or they will be found really dangerous to stock. In the cow barn the cement floor should be covered with a movable floor of slats, upon which the cows can stand the cement running out behind to form the gutter. Possibly this floor of slats would not be necessary if the bedding was heavy, so that there was no danger of the animal slipping on the cement or catching cold by her udder laying on the cold cement.

One of the best floors for the stable is that made of heavy board, matched or the cracks filled in, inclined to the rear, so that the liquid portions of the manure would readily run off into the cement gutter, which should be constructed immediately behind the cow. In this way the manure would be all saved and ordinary bedding would properly protect the cows.—Indianapolis News.

NESTS FOR LAYING HENS.

To make nests to prevent hens from eating eggs take three boards, two fourteen inches wide and one twelve inches wide. Nail these together for floor, putting the twelve-inch one in the middle. Make two rows of nests, fourteen by fourteen, on the outside boards. Make lids for these nests, putting hinges at the upper side of the nest. Cover the space between the rows of nests with boards upon which you fasten hinges. This makes a building similar to a double cornerib, with driveway between. From this make a small hole just large enough for the hen to go through into the nest. It being rather dark in these nests, she will not stay longer than just to deposit her egg, for which purpose she thinks it is a nice, secluded place.

MOISTURE IN POULTRY HOUSES.

Dampness is due to the condensation of moisture on the walls of the poultry house. This may be due to evaporation from the water cans, from moisture in the air, or to exhalation from the bodies of the birds. How to ventilate is a problem. To get ventilation is an easy matter, but ventilation without loss of warmth, or draughts of air, is quite another matted. Much depends on the direction of the wind at the time of ventilation. If a ventilator is used a small lamp should be placed in it so as to cause an upward draught. All tarred paper should be put on the outside, and not on the inside of the house, while doors and windows should be opened during the daytime, when it can safely done.—Mirror-Farmer.

The street cars in Rome have been fitted up with letter boxes and the mail is collected from them several times an hour.

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THINKOVER S

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1904.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

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Spring Mills.

Rev. and Mrs. G. W. McIlnay, of Spring Mills, gave a birthday reception last Saturday afternoon in honor of their little daughter, Anna Marian. There were present twenty-three little folks ranging in age from five to thirteen years. A very pleasant time was spent, and for several hours the parsonage was full of merry children's voices. After refreshments had been served the little people left for their homes, leaving behind them many pretty and useful presents for the little girl, who is a general favorite among them.

Rev. Rearick has been preaching some forcible sermons to his people in the Lutheran church. So long as the meetings are as successful as now, they will be continued indefinitely. The meetings in the Evangelical church are also in progress.

Archibald Allison, who makes his home with his daughter, Mrs. H. S. Braucht, is quite ill at this writing. Old age and heart trouble cause the illness.

Mrs. C. P. Long and daughter Mabel are both confined to their bed Mrs. Long with an attack of tonsilitis and the latter with an abscess formed in the head.

Robert Coldron's little son Clyde is suffering from a very severe attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Bruce Ripka spent a couple of days with her mother, Mrs. Burkholder, at Centre Hill.

Those who are on the sick list are John F. Breon, Abraham Alters, John Ripka, Archibald Allison, George Weaver, and many children with the measles.

Mrs. H. S. Braucht spent several days at Bellefonte with her sister, Mrs. Condo.

The rain and thaw last Sunday raised Penns Creek bank full.

The Knights of the Golden Eagles have changed the date of their banquet from the 17th of February to the 20th. Supper at six o'clock.

Fish Warden Joe. Rightnour, of Bellefonte, could find plenty of illegal fishing along Penns Creek, which is a trout stream and throw net fishing is prohibited and unlawful.

Moving time will soon be here and a few houses yet for rent. Half of James McCool's house is for rent.

Woodward.

Edward Orndorf while working on the mill Monday had the little finger on his right hand broken.

Quite a number from this place attended the funeral of Miss Bertha Hosterman at Coburn on Saturday.

James Miller, of Lena, Ill., spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. Wolf.

Samuel Gephart and family were guests of Mr. Gephart's parents, at Rebersburg, Saturday and Sunday.

Thomas Hosterman, of Middleburg, spent a few days with his parents.

The revival services in the Evangelical church are still in progress.

Miss Mabel Guisewite is visiting her sister at Aaronsburg.

Harris Township.

William Stuart, of Pittsburg, and Harry Stuart, of Sandy Ridge, who formerly resided here, are visiting their old home.

Miss Mary Ashton, of Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. Lee, of Vermont, are guests at the home of Dr. Kidder.

Miss Maude Irvin, of Pennsylvania Furnace, attended the teachers institute and spent a few days with her friend, Miss Beulah Fortney.

Miss Rebecca Moyer, of Center Mills, spent a few days at Maple Shade farm.

A sled load of young people were entertained by Misses Ella and Kathryn Dale, at their home at Oak Hall on Wednesday evening.

Miss Veronica Fisher, of Bellefonte, has been enjoying the last few weeks with her grandmother, Mrs. Emma Fisher.

John Hess, of Altoona, visited here last week.

Adam Felty accompanied by his brother Samuel, of the Mountain City, returned from a visit to their old home in Lebanon county.

Mrs. Katharine Wieland, of Linden Hall, spent a few days last week with friends in Boalsburg.

Mrs. Theodore Boal extended an invitation to the little girls in Boalsburg to meet at her home every Saturday afternoon with the purpose of teaching them to sew. She not only teaches them, but pays them for their work, which is very encouraging to the little folks.

Mrs. Magoffin who is spending the winter in Bellefonte, is visiting here.

Alexander Everhart and wife returned to their home in Altoona.

The Ladies of the Lutheran Missionary Society met at the home of Mrs. Sara Sweeney last Thursday.

Miss Belle Miller, of Pine Hall, is visiting friends here.

A surprise party was given at the home of William Myers, in honor of his 52nd birthday.

Miss Hoy and Miss Snyder, of State College, spent Saturday here.

Quite a number of our people are on the sick list.

Rebersburg.

Miss Vera Morris and gentleman friend, of Roopsburg, visited the ladies parents over Sunday.

Victor Brungart visited his parents over Sunday.

Miss Bertha Wolf, of Centre Hall, is spending some time in town visiting friends and relatives.

A. E. Strayer is around town soliciting orders for wall paper. Give him a chance, he is a fine paper hanger.

Mrs. John Reifsnyder returned to this town on Tuesday from Bellefonte, where she attended her suit at court. We understand she expects to make this town her permanent home, having rented Mr. Carlin's house.

C. M. and W. B. Haines contemplate going into the butchering business next summer.

James Miller, one of Illinois enterprising farmers, is visiting his brother Howard, of this place.

The Farmers Institute held here on the 5th and 6th was a decided success in every particular. It was well attended, the total attendance being estimated at eighteen hundred. The choir, which was composed of the members of the various church choirs, rendered many fine selections of music and was highly complimented by the speakers and audience. The speakers left many valuable suggestions, which, if carried out, will prove a great benefit to the farmers, and the community in general.

Another report says: It is estimated that upward of two thousand persons attended the institute. The local speakers did well; had their papers well prepared. Those speakers from a distance held the audience spell bound. The music was splendid. Every one pronounced it the best institute ever held here. The building was too small, many could not get in.

Nittany Mountain.

McNitt Brothers & Company's stave mill, operated by George Dubbs, has been idle for several days, owing to the barrel saw giving out.

Nittany Mountain is becoming quite a lumber centre. Harry Zimmerman has three teams and Samuel Gingerich has one hauling chemical wood for Charles Bilger.

A. W. Garver has been laid up with a lame back and side.

John Ansted is making his home with John Calahan, Jr.

J. A. Hoover is agent for the history of the recent Chicago fire.

Mrs. Elsie Heisley and little daughter, Saturday, arrived at the home of the former's father, A. G. Noll. She had been with her husband, Fred Heisley, at Cass, W. Va., since last fall.

Mrs. William Parker started on a week's visit to Altoona last Saturday.

C. B. Houser was to Houserville several days last week.

Noll Brothers were operating quite largely last week, having four teams taking out logs and hauling lagging poles to Gregg siding.

Adam Rhodes and brother, Charles, are cutting chemical wood for Charles Bilger on the old Charley Shuey tract.

Samuel Bruss was seen on the mountain one day last week.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

Potters Mills

Cal. Ruhl is busy buying cows, horses, and implements to go to farming on the Colyer farm, east of Old Fort.

There will be many changes in and about Potters Mills by the first of April. People are buying property here in expectation of the Wabash Railroad being built, which will change this place to a city. The car shops are expected here.

Miss Jane Pearce, is almost eighty-six years old, and the oldest lady of this place, is hale and hearty and does not seem to feel the weight of years. Miss Pearce is a kind old lady and is loved by all who know her.

George McCormick while out sleighing near T. F. Royer's the sole came off the sleigh; George says the sleigh went lame the balance of the way.

John Wilkinson, one of the famous old trappers, caught a gray fox and has a neat chain and collar on it; he can handle it like a cat. Johnny, look out, when your poultry comes in reach of your pet it will scatter the feathers.

Robert Baker and Charles Bitner, of Reedsville, were in town buying potatoes.

George Jordan was in town offering eighty cents per bushel for potatoes. George has cornered the potato business.

Some time ago there was a hobo gent came to the home of Mrs. Carson, who looked rather cool. Mrs Carson thought she would be kind to him and gave him a vest which Mr Carson had grown out of. The gent after going away examined the pockets, and in one of them he found a fac simile of a confederate bill. The hobo came back and told Mr. Carson that the bill was counterfeit and if he would give him a piece of tobacco he would not say anything about it.

The other day there were two boys entered an empty house and were defacing the same when the owner appeared on the scene and gave the boys some good advice, and warned them not to be caught at such tricks again.

Last Saturday it was reported that there were bear tracks seen about the stave field in the mountain. A lot of the hunters started for the bear but it had made good time and got away.

Last Saturday there was a tramp loafing at F. A. Carson's store. Mr Carson thought this was a good chance to get his stable cleaned and employed the tramp to do the work. The work was done but not rapidly; the boys got on to the racket and went down to the stable to hold a conversation with the tramp, but got out in time to save punctures in their hides by the tramp's fork.

Sober.

B. F. Shaffer, who had been working at Slate Run, is at home.

Charles Kerstetter is mourning the death of a child aged one week.

Minnie Zerby, of near Zion, visited friends at this place.

William Confer and wife, of Indiana are visiting among friends.

A young man while returning home one morning stepped in a fox trap which was set in the woods and received some painful injuries

Smith and Sheesley's saw mill has been idle all winter.

E. P. Zerby is getting ready to move to Illinois this month.

W. W. Vonada is hauling apple and cherry logs to Coburn.

Mrs. W. H. Madara, of Mifflin county, visited her parents last week.

Aaronsburg.

Miss Theodora Acker, of State College, spent the greater part of a week under the parental roof.

Clayton Wyle, of Mifflinburg, made a business trip to this, his former home last week.

Among those who attended farmers institute at Rebersburg on Saturday were Prof Stover and family, W. C. Mingle, Miss Catharine Small, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Stover, and quite a good many others All were well pleased with the sessions.

Miss Tammie Hoffley returned home from a few weeks visit to Renovo and Bellefonte; she reports a pleasant visit.

Among those from a distance who attended the funeral of Mrs. Emma Edmunds Keister were, Prof. C. E. Edmunds, of Freeland, and Miss Lillian Schaffer, of Williamsport.

Miss Mazie Mingle spent Sunday with some of her girl friends at Millheim.

Plum Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Schaffer, of this place, were at Coburn to attend the funeral of Mrs. Schaffer's sister, Miss Bertha Hosterman.

Howard Durst, S. E. Sharer and wife, Mrs. Jacob Sharer and daughter Bertha, and Mrs. Hetzel transacted business in Bellefonte Friday.

Harry Ream is visiting at the home of Oscar Homan.

All are sorry to learn that Jacob Sharer, who is afflicted with rheumatism is not improving.

Aunt Eliza Stump who has been sick for the last few weeks is improving.

Mrs. Hetzel, of Aaronsburg, is staying with her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Sharer.

Send the local news to the Reporter.

Burnham.

James B. Starr, assistant foreman of the hammer shop, spent several days in Tyrone last week.

Wm. J. Johnson, foreman of the iron foundry, has been transferred to Philadelphia and assistant foreman, W. P. Mann, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Johnson.

R. V. Snavely, secretary to Superintendent A. A. Stevenson, died recently. Mr. Snavely was a young man who was very popular.

Witmer Lee spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Centre Hall.

Colyer.

Peter Philips who was employed by the Harter Brothers, of West Virginia, returned home one day last week for a short stay with his family, at Colyer.

Misses Carrie Frazier and Sallie Cummings, of Linden Hall, spent Sunday at the home of the latter's brother Wm. Cummings.

Miss Myra Moyer, who had been visiting her brother, Wm., at Milroy, returned home Saturday on account of the illness of her mother.

C. S. Bottorf and James Runkle transacted business at Reedsville on Saturday.

Among those on the sick list are Mrs. Geo. Lee, with neuralgia of the heart; Mrs. Henry Moyer and Mary Jordan

Mrs. Lydia High and Hugh Runkle, of Lock Haven, Thursday drove to this place where they visited their brother, James Runkle.

The Jordan brothers, who are employed in Mifflin county, were home over Sunday.

A sled load of young people from Linden Hall and Boalsburg drove to the home of J. H. Moyer Thursday evening.

A crowd of young people from Linden Hall who attended preaching at this place Friday evening, on returning home broke the coupling pin.

Miss Myra Rockey, of Tusseyville, spent Sunday with her grand parents, at this place.

Lemont.

Mrs. Henry Homan spent Wednesday of last week in Bellefonte.

Four men from Millheim have been taking out apple and walnut logs around this place, and are having them sawed by the Linden Hall Lumber company.

Frank Smith moved from near Rock Forge to his own home, near Lemont, Tuesday of last week.

Andrew Hassinger is still on the sick list and is not much improved.

George Glenn, assistant post master of State College, was a sufferer from grip last week.

Mrs. Lydia Clark, of Flemington, is circulating among friends in these parts

Lemont Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 717, will hold their annual banquet in their hall Friday evening, 12 inst.

Saturday afternoon John I. Thompson and daughters, Misses Helen and Bess, were thrown from a sleigh while driving through the College campus. The accident was caused by the sleigh tongue slipping from the neck yoke.

Some young people from town attended a party at the home of Thomas Decker, near State College, and had a very pleasant time.

The Oak Hall Roller Mills were closed Monday owing to a break down of one of their turbine water wheels, but in a day or two it will be running at its full capacity.

"I look like both my parents," said
The little boy so sweet.
"They say I've mother's features, but
I have my father's feet."

WHAT ONE DOLLAR WILL BUY

If you are not a subscriber to the Centre Reporter you should be. Here is an offer made to induce you to become a subscriber:

For One Dollar in advance the Centre Reporter and the Tri-Weekly New York World will be sent you one year.

Think of that.

The Tri-Weekly New York World answers all the purposes of a daily paper. It gives you the news of the whole world.

The price of the Tri-Weekly New York World is One Dollar a year, in advance. The price of the Reporter is One Dollar, in advance.

The Two Papers will be sent to any New Subscribers of the Centre Reporter for One Dollar, in advance.

Subscribers now on the Reporter's list can have the Tri-Weekly New York World sent to them for sixty-five cents, always in advance.

When You Have a Cold.

The first action when you have a cold should be to relieve the lungs. This is best accomplished by the free use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This Remedy liquefies the tough mucus and causes its expulsion from the air cells of the lungs, produces a free expectoration, and opens the secretions. A complete cure soon follows. This remedy will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment and it leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills.

Ayer's

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great

Cherry Pectoral

deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

"For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs." MRS. P. A. ROBINSON, Saline, Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Lungs

Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

FOR RENT—The Dinges Store Room for rent. Good location for doing business. Rent reasonable. Also one-half of back dwelling, consisting of four rooms. Apply to H. W. DINGES, Centre Hall, Pa.

FOR RENT.—The undersigned offers for rent a blacksmith shop located at Old Fort. Good location; very reasonable rental asked. W. FRANK BRADFORD, January 21, 1904. Centre Hall.

FOR SALE—Thirty-five horse power boiler engine and saw mill with two saws. All in good shape. Call on or address A. G. NOLL, January 21. Pleasant Gap.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of James F. Waugh, late of Potter township, deceased having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. M. L. EMERICK, Jan. 14, 6t. Administrator, Centre Hall Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale the real estate of Mrs. Jane Love, deceased located on Church Street Centre Hall Pa., consisting of a house, lot and outbuildings. There is fine fruit on the premises, and a stream of water runs through a portion of it. Terms very reasonable. W. A. KEPLE, February 4, 1904 3 mos. Agent for the Heirs

SLED FOR SALE—A new two-horse Bob-sled, well ironed, and painted. Ready to hitch to. This sled I will guarantee to carry three tons on any ordinary road. This sled will suit a farmer to haul lumber etc. It is well proportioned and will be sold at a bargain. J. A. McCLENAHAN, Centre Hall, Pa. January 14 1904.

FOR RENT—A very desirable property in Gregg township, within about a mile of Spring Mills, and recently occupied by the late James G. Evans, consisting of about twenty-three acres, excepting contents of a strip of one field in wheat. Large brick house with Mansard roof, and containing seventeen rooms. Also a one and a half story summer house adjoining, also wood and smoke houses; cistern, and well of excellent water; good-sized barn with stabling for horses and cows; hog pen, corn-crib, poultry house, and a good garden. Possession given April 1st, 1904 Terms reasonable. January 14, 8t. L. K. EVANS, 221 King St., Pottstown, Pa.

RULE ON HEIRS

PENNSYLVANIA,
CENTRE COUNTY, SS:

I, A. G. Archey, Clerk of the Orphans' Court of said county of Centre, do hereby certify that at an Orphans' Court held at Bellefonte the 25th day of January, A. D., 1904, before the Honorable the judge of said Court, on motion a rule was granted upon the heirs and legal representatives of Henry Rothrock, Jr., deceased, to come into Court on the first Tuesday of March next, to accept or refuse to accept at the valuation, or show cause why the real estate of said deceased should not be sold. Same notice to be given as in inquisition.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Bellefonte, the 25th day of January, A. D., 1904.

A. G. ARCHEY, Clerk Orphans' Court.

GARMAN'S STORE
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Indian Beads.

The looms for Indian Bead work, 12cts. each.

Scrim for the little stylish collars now in vogue.

Advance lines of—
India Linens
Persian Lawns
Nainsooks

A great big job of Striped Seersuckers.

GARMAN'S STORE

Number of inmates in the Huntingdon Reformatory is 615; last consecutive number, 4200.

In spite of the admonition to laugh and grow fat, the average person who grows fat will tell you it's no laughing matter.

Perfect Confidence.

Where there used to be a feeling of uneasiness and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Basford, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of that remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt relief." For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central R. R.

Time Table in Effect November 29, 1903.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.33 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 9.28 p. m., New York 12.33 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 P. M. Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M. Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.26 P. M. Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M. Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.	
P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 35	
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 25	
1 55	6 38	Diehl	8 58	4 19	
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14	
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06	
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54	
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46	
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19	
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10	
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02	
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54	
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48	
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41	
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36	
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30	
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25	
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21	
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17	
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08	
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05	
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00	

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.07 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.05 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr. GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD.					WESTWARD.	
12	8	2	STATIONS.	1	7	11
PM.	PM	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	.....Whitmer.....	6 44	10 47	4 36
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brally.....	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	... Krumrine....	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02	..... Inn	7 26	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	...State College..	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penn's R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

F. H. THOMAS, Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			Nov. 24, 1902.			Read Up.		
No. 1	No3	No5				No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv	Ar.	P M	P M	A M	
7 00	2 40	6 45	BELLEFONTE	9 25	5 15	9 35		
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22		
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16		
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10		
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07		
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSBURG	8 54	4 44	9 03		
7 33	3 13	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59		
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 56		
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53		
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50		
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47		
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's Spring	8 33	4 23	8 43		
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville	8 28	4 18	8 38		
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32		
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 30		
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL	8 15	4 05	8 25		
11 45		8 40	Jersey Shore	3 22		7 40		
12 20		9 10	Arr. W'msport Lve	2 50		7 10		
12 29		11 30	Lve. W'msport Arr.	2 30				
			Philad. & Reading Ry.)					
7 30		6 50	PHILA	3 36		11 96		
10 40		9 02	NEW YORK	4 25		7 35		
			(Via Philad.)					
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00				
			(Via Tamaqua)					
P. M.		P. M.						

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest

When the

HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership

will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you

Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum

on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1¾ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted. I am also agent for the

Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

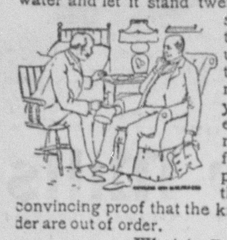
The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith
General Agent
Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble: too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

O. T. CORMAN

SPRING MILLS

Velvets, Satins, Dress Goods

Just received a beautiful line of Velvets, Satins, and Dress Goods, at prices to astonish you.

Hosiery and Underwear

Hosiery and Underwear, for Ladies and Gentlemen, no better goods in the market, which I am selling at remarkably low figures.

Gloves and Mittens, in great variety, and at any price.

Latest styles of Hats and Caps.

Pants and Overalls

A complete line of Cordurov and Dress Pants. Overalls for Men, Boys and Youths. The best make for the least money.

A splendid department of Jewelry, of every description.

An endless variety of Notions and Staple Goods.

Ladies' Wrappers at a trifle over half value.

Also a full line Queensware and Glassware.

I have a few of the Celebrated 1900 Washers, which I am selling at prices to astonish you.

My Grocery Department is complete and contains many articles not generally kept in a country store.

Fresh Oysters every week, also Lemons, Oranges Malaga Grapes and all kinds of Confectionery.

Produce Wanted

Wanted Immediately, and will pay Cash or Trade—Apples, Potatoes, Cabbage, Poultry, Pork and Beef Hides.

Call and examine my immense stock before purchasing elsewhere.

H. G. STROHMEIER,

CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

HIGH GRADE . . .

MONUMENTAL WORK

In all kinds of

Marble AND Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

Telephone connection.

When you feel blue and that everything goes wrong, take a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will cleanse and invigorate your stomach, regulate your bowels, give you a relish for your food and make you feel that in this old world is a good place to live. For sale by C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

AIN-TE-NA Cures Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Dizziness, Jaundice, Torpid Liver, Heart Burn, Foul Breath, etc. Try a bottle and be convinced. If it fails to benefit you your money will be refunded. **J. D. Murray, Druggist.**

The Baltimore Loss.

It is estimated that the loss by fire in Baltimore is $125,000,000.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the photographer, will not be in Centre Hall until about Friday, February 26

Japan and Russia at War.

Japan and Russia had their first naval battle at Port Arthur Monday night in which the former came out victorious.

Purchased a Home.

F. P. Vonada, of near Penns Creek, announces public sale for March 22 Mr. Vonada purchased the home of Station Agent Stover, at Coburn, for the sum of $1575, and will move to that place in the spring.

Election February 16.

The selection of local officers is of great importance in all localities. No Democrat can remain away from the polls at the February election without effecting his personal interests more than by similar neglect at the general election. Go to the polls Tuesday, February 16.

Weber's Boalsburg Store Sold.

J. H. Weber sold his Boalsburg store to William Stuart. Possession will be given the new owner April 1st. The sale includes only the stock of merchandise and fixtures.

Mr. Stuart is the eldest son of James Stuart, deceased, of Boalsburg, and since last fall has been in Pittsburg.

Neither of the Webers—John H. or Samuel—have made public their intentions with reference to business engagements after leaving the mercantile business established about fifteen years ago.

Discriminating Telephone Rate.

The U. T. and T. Company put into operation a second discriminating telephone rate. The new order affects only the patrons connected with the Millheim exchange, and provides for a toll rate of ten cents on all calls from that territory to the territory covered by the Snow Shoe exchange.

This is the second discriminating order issued against telephone patrons in Brush and Lower Penns Valley The first order cut off the free use of the Lock Haven exchange.

It looks very much as though the South Side of Centre county will resort to eating its vomit, i. e., accept the Bell Company.

The Water Supply.

The reservoir is full of water, but there is no assurance that it will remain that way if the capers committed during January are repeated. There should be an ordinance passed, and strictly enforced, imposing a severe fine on persons who leave their hydrants open during the night, or at other times, no matter whether water is scarce or plentiful. Such a measure would be in force at all times, and could be effectively applied.

It would require an intake the size of a city sewer to supply the hydrants that were left open during zero weather in January. This caper should not be allowed to be repeated, no matter how cold or how plentiful the water supply.

Archibald Allison Dead.

At the age of seventy-four years, Archibald Allison died Tuesday afternoon at the home of his daughter, the wife of Dr. H. S. Braucht, Spring Mills. Mr. Allison had been ill from heart trouble for some time.

Interment will take place at Spring Mills Friday at ten o'clock. Dr. W. H. Schuyler officiating.

Six children survive, namely: Dr. J. R. G. Allison, Centre Hall; Eleanor, wife of Jonathan Condo, Bellefonte; Barbara, wife of C. P. Long, Spring Mills; A. Merril Allison, Orange City, Iowa; Margaret, wife of Dr. H. S. Braucht, Spring Mills; Harry Allison, Spring Mills. Mrs. Allison died about two years ago.

The deceased was a resident of Howard and Bellefonte prior to moving to Spring Mills. He was an active member of the Presbyterian church, and was held in the highest esteem by all who knew him.

A Popular Attorney.

The following is taken from the Philipsburg Daily Journal:

On our rounds we hear it frequently remarked that the many friends of our young lawyer friend, W. Harrison Walker, Esq., the present efficient Burgess of Bellefonte, are urging him to become a candidate for assembly this year. He is a bright and popular attorney, has all the qualifications, and it is not every day that the office seeks the man, but on the contrary the man usually seeks the office. If he takes the step and agrees to become a candidate he will make a strong one, and if nominated and elected he would be a member that would be a credit to his county, his country and himself, as he is upright, honest and one who would do his whole duty come what may. Few young attorneys have risen as rapidly as Mr Walker has, and he has made himself just what he is. He is the junior partner in the strong law firm of Fortney & Walker, whose name is favorably known far and near.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

CENTRE COUNTY ASSOCIATION

Of Philadelphia Dine at Donner's Hotel Tuesday Evening.

The Centre County Association of Philadelphia, which is composed of persons in that city whose homes were formerly in Centre county, held their first mid-winter banquet at Donner's hotel, Philadelphia, Tuesday evening.

The toast master was Dr. Roland G. Curtin; guests of honor invited, Hon. James A. Beaver, Hon. Alexander K. McClure, Hon. A. O Furst, Hon. John G. Love, McClure and Love being the only ones present.

AFTER DINNER SPEECHES.

Hon. John G. Love gave an historical review, beginning with the war of 1812, he referred to George Potter, and dwelt on the patriotism of Centre county from the earliest existence of the county.

General Fisher, at the hour he was speaking, 10 p. m., celebrated the fortieth anniversary of his escape from Libby prison, and gave a thrilling description of the event.

Col. McClure dwelt on the well established fact that country bred boys make the men of affairs in the cities.

Colonel Spangler feelingly referred to the great men of Centre county. Not all of prominence, he said, were Irish, Scotch-Irish and Yankees, but fellow "Du chmen" as well. He appealed to those present to be loyal to the association and each other.

Rev. Dr. Harkinson, assistant pastor to Dr. Conwell, Temple Baptist church, formerly of Potters Mills, related reminiscenses.

Prof. George P. Bible and C. S. Burnside also spoke.

THE PARTICIPANTS:

W. F. Reber	Harold A Wythers
Dr. S. C. Runkle	C. S. Burnside
Col. J. L. Spangler	R. M. Magee
A. G. Curtin, Jr.	Forest A. Magee
J. Witmer Wolf	Wm. A. Magee
W. T. Tonner	Charles McAffert
John I. Rankin	John MacVeigh
Robert Foster	J. Frank Yealy
Thomas Foster	Max Liveright
Prof. Geo. P. Bible	Ed. L. Powers
Mr. Bradley	Harry Lloyd
A. C. Otis	Herman Haupt
Wm. T. Meyer	Wm. H. Sellers
Jack McClellan	C. H. Hoffman
Dr. Blackburn	Will Mattern
George McNeil	Dr. R. G. Curtin
James Pierpont	Ira D. Garman
Chas. B. Schaeffer	Robert L. Ardell
John S. Schaeffer	F. S. Grau
B. Frank Schaeffer	J. Emory Hoy
N. F. Mitchell	J. R. Van Ormar
Genl. B. F. Esher	Charles E. Dorworth
Dr. S. Gray Mattern	A. Ward Rishel
L. Olin Meek	John Longbrey
Wm. S. Furst	Thomas Foster
Rev. L. K. Evans, D. D	Dr. George P. Rishel
Wm. Foster	T. W. Thompson
P. Gross Yearick	Clayton Brown
Rev. R. Harkinson	A. Sternberg
George P. Runkle	Thomas Moore

LOCALS.

John Bowersox, an aged citizen of Coburn, is not gaining in health.

J. Will Conley, of Bellefonte, was a caller Wednesday, and advertised sale of farm stock and implements March 17th.

B. W. Ripka, of the Spring Mills New Cash Store, makes an important announcement in his advertisement this week.

The eastern mail Wednesday was several hours late, which necessitated the omission of several communications received.

C. D Runkle and son William Runkle, of Pittsburg, are in town, and in a day or two will ship a car load of horses purchased by the former.

Miss Rosie Maize, one of the telephone operators in the Millheim exchange, has been off duty owing to sickness. At present she is confined to bed.

Henry Keller, of Kansas City, Missouri, is at present in Lebanon the guest of his sister, Mrs. Mary Heilman, and later will visit in this county. Mr. Keller went west about twenty years ago from this place.

Will Keller has been very ill for the past week from pneumonia at the home of his father, James A. Keller. He is the mail carrier over the rural free delivery route from Centre Hall. His condition during the past three days has improved.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are authorized to announce William J. Kepler, of Ferguson township, as a candidate for nomination for Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

NOTICE.

From this date I will discontinue giving all punching cards for premiums; but will redeem all cards that are out, if brought in before March 1st, and allow 5 per cent. in goods on all amounts punched.

My reason for stopping the premium is this; In next week's issue I will quote you some prices that will be of more benefit to you than the premiums. So watch this space next week.

C. W. SWARTZ,
Tusseyville.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Official Business as Reported from Bellefonte by a Special Correspondent.

Letters Granted.

Letters testamentary were issued on the estate of John L. Kurtz, late of Bellefonte, deceased, to Mrs Harriet L. Kurtz.

Letters of administration were issued on the following estates:

Estate of Cornelius Dale, late of College township, to John M. Dale and Georgiana Dale.

Estate of David Harter, late of Marion township, to C. M. Harter and S. E. Koontz.

Marriage Licenses.

George F. Waite, Bellefonte.
Sadie G. Gray, Bellefonte.
Joseph McMahon, Bellefonte.
Jessie Levy, Tyrone.
Edward A. Gross, Bellefonte.
Sadie Freil, Runville.
Samuel L. Reeder, Tusseyville.
Annie E. Mersinger, Tusseyville.
Frederick C. Briets, N. Y. City.
Emma Shuman, State College.
John Segner, State College.
May Garman, Spring Mills.
Robert Park, Jr., Snow Shoe.
Nora Bicket, Moshannon.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Wickoff Pipe Co. to Linden Hall Lumber Co., April 20, 1901, land in Haines twp.—$1500.

W. D. Crosby, et ux., to C. T. Gerbrick, Aug. 14, 1903, lot in Philipsburg.—$750.

Adam Mayer, et. ux., to William C. Andrews, Jan. 27, 1904, lot in Philipsburg.—$13,000.

H. S. Taylor, sheriff, to Clement Dale, Feb. 1, 1904, tract of land in Union twp.—$1000.

W. F. Courter, et. al., to Edward Rupert, Dec. 9, 1903, lot in Liberty twp.—$10.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. J. H. Ross and little son spent Sunday with relatives in Bellefonte, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller with friends at Coburn.

Miss Hess is in Huntingdon visiting at the home of Lawyer Frank Schock.

F. E. Wieland spent several days at Pennsylvania Furnace this week, where he was buying and shipping grain.

Jacob Sparr, of Ohio, is expected here in a few days; he visits his farm here once or twice each year.

Tusseyville.

Samuel Floray returned home after spending a few days with his son-in-law, Rev. N. J. Dubbs and family, at Centerville, and reports having enjoyed his trip.

It is rumored that David Meyers will move to Mifflinburg in the spring. Success go with him.

Hugh Runkle and sister, from Lock Haven, spent a few days under the parental roof.

Joseph Krumbine, of Buffalo Run, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Samuel Floray.

The scarlet fever cases are improving.

Oak Hall.

Sleighing is over and traveling is very bad.

Mrs. Henrietta Dale is on the sick list, but glad to report that she is improving and all hope for her speedy recovery.

James Kusterborder is making arrangements to start farming in the spring. Sorry to lose such a good neighbor and citizen.

Edward Sellers, the enterprising foundryman, is in the western part of the state this week looking after his business interests.

LEGAL NOTICE.—APPLICATIONS FOR LIQUOR LICENSE.—The following persons have filed their petitions for Liquor License in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre county, and said petitions will be presented to the Court on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1904.

TAVERN LICENSE.

Bellefonte—
W. L. Daggett, West ward
Horton S. Ray, South ward
C. M. & C. B. Garman, South ward
George L. Doll, South ward
D. B. Newcomer, South ward
Philipsburg—
Wm. J. Ramsey & F. W. Grebe, 2nd ward
Mary Walton, 2nd ward
Wm. B. Price, 1st ward
Christopher North, 2nd ward
Thomas Barnes, 2nd ward
James Passmore, 2nd ward
Dorsey Myers, 2nd ward
Joseph Peters, Jr., 2nd ward
Frank Test, 2nd ward
Tempest Slinger, 2nd ward
Thomas F. Street, 2nd ward
Enoch Hugg, 2nd ward
J. L. DeHaas, Howard borough
James W. Runkle, Centre Hall borough
John M. Reish, Millheim borough
Simon R. King, Millheim borough
George B. Uzzel, Snow Shoe twp.
Laurence Redding, Snow Shoe twp.
John G. Uzzel, Snow Shoe twp.
S. B. Shaffer, Miles twp.
James S. Reish, Potter twp.
Isaac Shawver, Potter twp.
C. L. Beck, Penn twp.
Philip Drumm, Gregg twp.
J. Edward Miller, Rush twp.
Wier Bloom, Rush twp.
Andrew Sommerville, Rush twp.
Alois Kohlbecker, Boggs twp.
R. F. Emerick, Walker twp.

DISTILLER.

Noah Eby, Haines twp.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS AS BREWER & MFG.
Joseph F. Weist, Philipsburg, 2nd ward
Fritz Baldenhofer, Philipsburg, 2nd ward

WHOLESALE BEER.

Jesse K. Cox, Bellefonte, West ward
Matthew Davies, Philipsburg, 2nd ward

WHOLESALE LIQUOR.

Andrew Rusnak, Snow Shoe twp.
David Chambers, Snow Shoe twp.
Philipsburg—
James Black, 2nd ward
Samuel Rogers, 2nd ward
Orin Vail, 2nd ward
Rush township—
D. W. Schnar
Harry Washburn
Garfield Boyce
Lawrence Nugent

M. I. GARDNER, Clerk.

Great Reduction Sale

NOW ON

1/3 OFF

Men's and Children's

Suits AND Overcoats

A large line of Men's and Children's Suits and Overcoats for your selection. These are genuine bargains; not old stock, but all new winter styles.

Come at once and
Take advantage of
This sale. . . . .
REMEMBER how we pleased you last fall.

MONTGOMERY & CO

BELLEFONTE.

DUCK COATS
MEN'S CAPS
WINTER GOODS

We have a few Men's Duck Coats left, and we offer them at a . . . Reduced Price.

A Good line of Men's Caps and a complete Line of Winter Goods. Prices Right. Goods Right.

KREAMER & SON.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color it used to have. The hair stops falling, grows long and heavy, and all dandruff disappears. An elegant dressing. If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

H. F. ROSSMAN

SPRING MILLS
PA. . . . . .

To all who may chance to read this:—

We have . . . . . .

White Sugar
5 Cts. Per Lb.

Everything else at proportionately low prices . . .

Some New, Fancy Dress Trimmings . . . . . .

Come and See.

H. F. ROSSMAN.

SPECIAL SALE

...OF...

Winter Footwear . . .

...FOR...

30 DAYS.

P. V. S. STORE.

Goods exchanged for Produce . . .

C. A. KRAPE.
Spring Mills, Pa.

The New Cash Store, B. W. Ripka, proprietor, is making a clearance sale. A large assortment of first-class and seasonable goods are being offered on the bargain counter.

Frank P. Davis, a moulder of great skill, formerly employed in the scale works in Bellefonte, is engaged in the moulding department of the Centre Hall foundry.

MUST TOUCH ELBOWS BEHIND.

There used to be a rule in all girls' boarding schools that the pupils must touch elbows behind. Every day they were required to stand in a row and tap their elbows together in the back.

Our grandmothers will tell us how rigidly this was enforced, and how the girl who could not do it was required to keep on practicing until she had accomplished the feat. Tapping the elbows together was one way of resting when the back was tired. It would be a great exercise to-day.

To make the arms graceful, clasp the hands back of the head and lean the head back. And to make them supple, lift them over the head, swing them around and try in all ways to exert every muscle of the arms at least once every day of your life.

So much has been said about a perfect arm that one hesitates to lay down a rule. An artist recently in a lecture thus described the arm ideal: "It must be symmetrical," said he, "no matter what its length. An arm is of just the right length when the patient, standing upright, can measure just her height with the tips of her fingers.

"To test this, measure your height on the wall. Now, stand with outstretched fingers, and, with the very tips of your fingers, you should be just able to measure your height. It should be done with some effort, or the arms will be too long.

"As a matter of fact, it makes no difference whether the arms are long or short. It is all in the shape. And here, again, there can be no exact rule.

"Pretty arms, like a pretty face, cannot be described. There are certain general features that are necessary. Otherwise it is a matter of environment.

"A pretty pair of arms must be very white, yet not pallid. Of course, they must not be coarse, nor freckled, nor covered with down."—Indianapolis News.

SENSIBLE SCRAP BOOK.

If you want to do the very latest thing you will keep a scrap book. Not a scrap book for poetry or cooking recipes, but for pieces of goods like your gowns. It really is a bright idea, and you will value your scrap books so much by and by that you will be more than repaid for the trouble it costs you to make it.

Paste in the scraps by attaching gum or mucilage to the corners, adding pieces of silk, lace, braid or other trimmings, even buttons may be secured to the page. Beneath the pieces write the date when you first wore the gown and any interesting data concerning it. Some ladies add a picture of the costume cut from a fashion sheet or book, or write out a description of the gown as an aid to the memory.

By and by when your grandchildren ask you about the "good old times," and what kind of clothes people wore then, you can get out your scrap book. The granddaughters will no doubt find much cause for merriment in the outlandish fashions, but you will be quite indignant as you insist that they are pretty and artistic. You live over your youth as you turn the pages. "This white organdie," you say, "was may graduating gown; this pink chiffon my first ball gown; this blue scrap," and you pat it tenderly, "is a piece of the gown I wore when your grandfather proposed to me. The rough brown stuff is like a golf suit," and your pert granddaughter laughs at the idea of your ever playing golf. There is a black scrap, with a piece of crepe, worn upon a sad occasion; you turn the leaf quickly; you do not wish to sadden the young people. There are dozens of gowns represented, and you remember them as well as if you had worn them yesterday. Somehow the fabrics seem finer and the tints more tasteful than those which your granddaughters wear. At any rate, you are glad that you made that scrap book so long ago.

SOCIAL FORMS NEEDED.

The man or woman who is frequently heard to rail against social etiquette may safely be put down as one who is habitually unkind and inconsiderate.

The established forms are far from being the shallow and superfluous regulations that such people would have us believe them. Etiquette is the aesthetic expression of certain foundation principles necessary in orderly character building.

Without a break or a link missing the more rational and genteel forms of social usage will be found to gradually unfold wholesome and essential factors in the development of the highest character, says the Cleveland Leader.

There are various litttle acts and ceremonies in this social usage that would seem sufficiently conventional to be practiced by all. With our educational facilities and the abundant circulation of literature, followed by the social advantages enjoyed by the masses of Americans, it would seem that we should not only take pleasure in exercising good manners, but should enjoy the company of well bred people only.

Such an article as an essay on social etiquette should be unnecessary, but it is not. Heedlessness has been one of our besetting sins. There is urgent need of our being reminded of looking after our practical tools of common politeness, and advised to sharpen and polish them up a bit.

In attaching importance to social etiquette, "faddism" (ceremonial foolishness without some wholesome foundation principle) is not to be considered. Etiquette is a civility without which we do not have polite society.

BEAUTY SUGGESTIONS.

A beauty expert who actually recommends the use of powder on the face is something of a rarity, but a prominent complexion specialist, writing in the Woman's Home Companion, has placed himself on record as advising women to powder, even at home. Powder is essential to American women, he thinks, on account of the perpetual changes in climate and the dust and dirt in the atmosphere. Powder should always protect the skin outdoors. To apply properly, first soften the skin by an application of cold cream. Wipe off any that remains on the surface, then apply the powder with a piece of absorbent cotton.

Onions, eaten raw, with bread and butter, make a capital complexion clearer and nightcap, especially for the nervous person, who is generally inclined to lie awake o' nights and to wake up at dishearteningly early hours of the morning. Slice the onions thin and sprinkle lightly with salt, to take off the raw, crude taste, and have the bread thin and a good deal of butter. Talking of nervousness, there is no better nerve food than good butter. Cod liver oil, which a few years ago was so extensively prescribed for persons with weak chests or of a nervous tendency, has been largely supplanted by the more palatable and more easily digested butter of common use.

THE ADVANTAGES OF ABSENCE.

Children who are inattentive, disobedient and altogether disagreeable with their mother will almost change their character when their father comes in from his business, not necessarily that they love him better than they do their mother, but because he is fresh and new and interesting; a delightful person because he is a novelty.

A very rich woman said once that she visited her children in the nursery once a day. Whatever the pressure of her engagements, the hours from 5 to 7 were kept sacred to the children. To her children she is, and always will be, a sort of goddess, a wonderful being, who never scolds nor spanks, but reads to them and plays and talks to them, then flits away, to return for the same dear program to-morrow, and to-morrow, and all the days. She is an event to them, a constant joy.

When two persons with personalities of their own spend all the time together, is it any wonder if each loses something of the delight that ought to come from the companionship. It is better for some women to try systematically to escape from their children once in a while, both for the children's sake and the mother's. Children are pleased to see the mother when they meet after a parting, and all enjoy each other's society much better for the parting.

Does all this sound heretical? Well it is worth while to observe when one has the opportunity, and see if "judgment in absence" is not an excellent thing.—Chicago Journal.

SOMETHING FOR GIRLS.

To make yourself desirable for a second visit, girls, you must use tact and observation on your first stay with your friends and learn what will give pleasure to them. To begin with let them know the day and hour you expect to arrive, most people would rather be prepared for your coming than be surprised by a visit when it may not suit them, and at the same time tell the probable length of your stay, that they may know how to plan for your entertainment. Be prompt at meals; keep your own room in order, and do not leave your belongings over the house.

Make up your mind to be easily entertained and to feel, and show, pleasure in entertainments provided for you; but be ready to entertain yourself. If you occupy yourself with fancy work, or a book, they will not feel so responsible for you.

Be polite to the strangers you meet even if they are not very attractive; they may be valued friends of those you are visiting. But, above all, do not repeat to the disadvantage of your friends, things that you may have learned as guests in their home. Do not forget your "bread and butter" letters—thanks to tell of your safe arrival home.

The loss by fire in the United States and Canada last year was over $156,000,000. And we still have money to burn.

Simple Fashions

New York City.—House jackets are possessions of which no woman ever yet had too great a variety. This one is made after a design by May Manton,

HOUSE JACKET.

with a slightly open neck and loose sleeves that are much to be desired from the standpoint of comfort as well as beauty. The model is made of flowered challie trimmed with lace, but is well adapted to all the pretty washable fabrics in vogue. The big collar is a feature and gives the long, drooping shoulder line which so completely marks the season.

The jacket is made with fronts, backs and side backs and is loose at the front but curved to fit the figure at the back, where it is cut to form deep points. The big collar finishes the neck and extends down onto the fronts, and the sleeves are cut to form the fashionable handkerchief points

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four yards twenty-one inches wide, three and a half yards twenty-seven inches wide or two yards forty-four inches wide, with seven yards of insertion and eight yards of edging to trim as illustrated.

Butterfly Waist Trimmings.

A charming idea for those who wish to trim an indoor white silk waist is to have some bands stamped with butterflies. Their size should be varied, small ones for gauntlets or wristbands, and cuffs, in fact, for any part of the lower sleeves, and the same for stocks, neckbands and tabs. If the neck is collarless then use larger butterflies for the long bands which trim the neck and pass down to belt, or may form either a V or a square. A pretty plan is to give different colors to each butterfly, or to harmonize a pale blue one with one in old rose or in delicate shades of fawn or wood tints.

Skirt Trimmings.

Skirt trimmings at or about the knees suffice in many cases to give an elaborate appearance where the upper portions are left untrimmed.

A Popular Combination.

Chocolate color and red are a popular combination, but the red is only allowed a suggestion, usually gleaming under embroidery or braid.

Linen Lace Fringe.

A fine linen lace fringe is a new idea that is finding much favor as a trimming for sheer woolens.

Blouse Waist.

Yoke waists are among the notable features of present styles, and are shown in a variety of attractive forms that vie with one another for popular favor. This one, designed by May Manton, is peculiarly stylish as well as novel, and can be made from one material or with a contrasting yoke as preferred, but is shown in maize peau de cynge piped with panne velvet. The fronts and back are tucked, the former to yoke depth, the latter to give a tapering effect to the figure, and are made full length so that the yoke, attractive as it is, can be omitted when a plain waist is desired. The trimming strap at the front adds an effective touch and the sleeves are the favorite ones of the season, full below the elbows, tucked to fit snugly at the upper arms, with cuffs that match the yoke.

The waist consists of the fitted lining, that can be used or omitted as preferred, the fronts, back and yoke. The fronts and back are tucked and stitched with corticelli silk and are finished with a regulation shirt waist pleat. The yoke is in one piece, fitted by means of shoulder darts, and is applied over the waist, the pointed trimming strap making a finish at the front edge. The sleeves are cut in one piece each and are tucked at both upper and lower edges and finished with the cuffs.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and a half yards twenty-one inches wide, four and a quarter yards twenty-seven inches wide or two and three-quarter yards forty-four inches wide.

BLOUSE WAIST.

A Late Design by May Manton.

A WOMAN'S MISERY.

Mrs. John LaRue, of 115 Paterson Avenue, Paterson, N. J., says: "I was troubled for about nine years, and what I suffered no one will ever know. I used about every known remedy that is said to be good for kidney complaint, but without deriving permanent relief. Often when alone in the house the back ache has been so bad that it brought tears to my eyes. The pain at times was so intense that I was compelled to give up my household duties and lie down. There were headaches, dizziness and blood rushing to my head to cause bleeding at the nose. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me so much that I continued the treatment. The stinging pain in the small of my back, the rushes of blood to the head and other symptoms disappeared."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

He Refused to Serve.

A Frenchman went to a brother member of his lodge and said to him:

"What does a polar bear do?"

The brother answered:

"What does a polar bear do? Why he sits on the ice."

"Sits on zee ice?"

"Yes," said the brother; "there is nothing else to sit on."

"Veil, vat he do, too?"

"What does he also do? Why, he eats fish."

"Eats fish—sits on zee ice and eats fish. Then I not accept."

"You don't accept? What do you mean?"

"Oh, non, non, I does not accept. I was appointed to act as polar bear to zee funeral."

Artistic.

"So you think your daughter has true artistic instincts?"

"Oh, I'm sure of it."

"Why?"

"Well, for the last three weeks she has been just crazy to gild her father's bald head."

NEW LIFE for all who are suffering from Kidney trouble, Rheumatism, or a weak condition of the nerves. Ask your druggist for Dr. Bennett's NEW LIFE, a medicine that CURES. $1.00 per bottle of six bottles $5.00. Dr. Bennett's WONDER OIL cures all pain 25c. Write for full information and treatise of diseases. BENNETT MEDICINE COMPANY, Norfolk, Va.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 854, Atlanta, Ga.

TOBACCO CURE — Anti-Baccoline. We guarantee to cure the tobacco habit in any form. Treatment EASY, SAFE, SURE AND AGREEABLE. You take no chances. No Cure No Pay. All correspondence strictly confidential. Address The Dr. J. S. Hill Anti-Baccoline Co., Greenville Ill., Box 207.

FREE — OUR BOOKLET W—all about Catarrh and Weak Lungs—our treatment too. If we don't cure you. No matter how long standing or how many doctors have failed, we guarantee to cure you or it costs you nothing. 50 YEARS OF SUCCESS AND 70,000 CURES. Write today. Wistarian Co., 1123 Broadway, New York.

Hope and the Landlady.

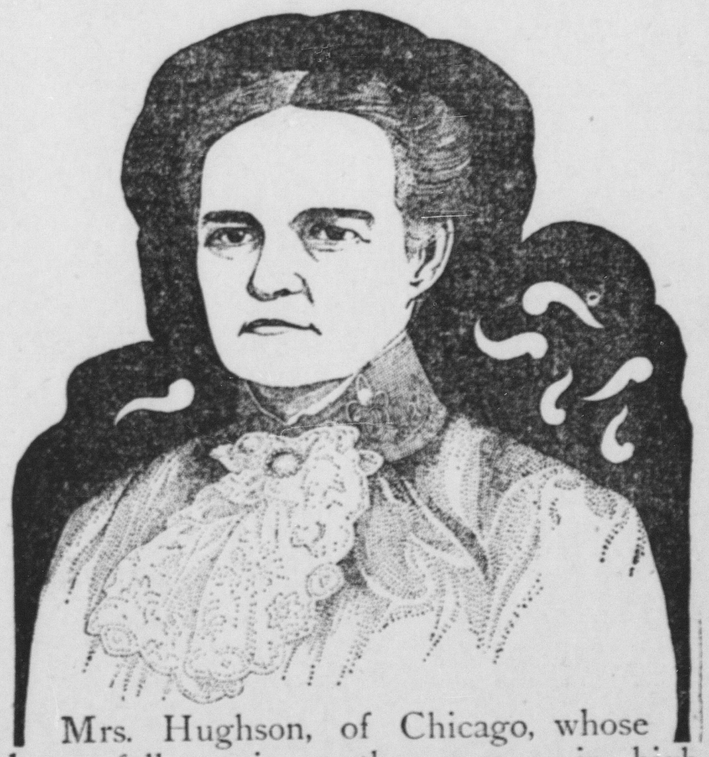
That the thorns and thistles lining the way to success are not soon forgotten is instanced by a remark of Clyde Fitch to an applicant for a part in one of his productions.

"Well," said the young lady with a sigh of relief after having obtained a promise of a part in the play; "it is so pleasant to have something to live on besides hope—parts are scarce this fall."

"Yes replied Mr. Fitch, a reminiscent far away look in his eyes, "I lived on hopes for ten years and," with a smile, "so did my landlady."

Age of Marvels.

Close on the heels of the Patti farewell "'Blind Tom,' musical phenomenon, many times reported dead," has reappeared in the arena. Wouldn't be a bit surprised in this age to see George Washington or Julius Caesar bob up—wouldn't it really.



Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was fitful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of your advertisements I decided to try the merits of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—MRS. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 East Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Ordinary Tasks Produce Displacements.

Apparently trifling incidents in woman's daily life frequently produce displacements of the womb. A slip on the stairs, lifting during menstruation, standing at a counter, running a sewing machine, or attending to the most ordinary tasks may result in displacement, and a train of serious evils is started.

The first indication of such trouble should be the signal for quick action. Don't let the condition become chronic through neglect or a mistaken idea that you can overcome it by exercise or leaving it alone.

More than a million women have regained health by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice, and a few timely words from her will show you the right thing to do. This advice costs you nothing, but it may mean life or happiness or both.

Mrs. Lelah Stowell, 177 Wellington St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—You are indeed a godsend to women, and if they all knew what you could do for them, there would be no need of their dragging out miserable lives in agony.

"I suffered for years with bearing-down pains, womb trouble, nervousness, and excruciating headache, but a few bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** made life look new and promising to me. I am light and happy, and I do not know what sickness is, and I now enjoy the best of health."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, falling and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system. Its record of cures is the greatest in the world, and should be relied upon with confidence.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

An Alarming Affair.

Her head rested confidingly on his shoulder, but it was suddenly raised.

"What's the matter, George?" she asked.

"Nothing," he said reassuringly.

"But, I can hear your heart tinkle."

"Oh, no."

"I can, too, George, are you such a glutton that your heart rings for supper?"

"I assure you"—

"I tell you I heard it. There was a distinct silvery tinkling. George, you'd better see about that heart."

"See a doctor?"

No-o; see an electrician and have the wires disconnected. I won't marry a man whose heart rings whenever he's a little agitated."

"But, Mabel, I tell you"—

"I heard it, didn't I? Do you suppose I'd live with a man who tinkled unexpectedly? Why, it sounds as if your heart had absorbed a Swedish bell ringer. Have you one of those variety stage people enshrined there?"

"Mabel, it's a watch your father gave me."

A watch!"

"Yes; one of those new fangled alarm watches to remind a fellow of an engagement, but I didn't think he would be mean enough to set it for 10 o'clock the very first night he gave it to me. I may be wrong, Mabel, but it looks to me like a hint. I believe I'd better be going.

The Retort Courteous.

The abundant faith of the average darky and his familiarity with things unseen is a constant source of surprise to his white brethren, so that the following reply excited some astonishment.

"Agnes," said her mistress, "if you continue to send in such bread as we have had for the past few days, I am afraid you will never reach that Heavenly Kingdom you are always talking about."

"Humph," grunted Agnes. "Tell you de truf, Miss Dorothy, I done been hyah so long en made so many pleasant 'quaintances I ain't in no hurry whatever tuh g'up yander whar I don' know nobody."

The Courage of Childhood.

The late George Francis Train loved children. The children of New York will miss him from Union Square, where in fine weather, he would play with them all day long.

"Citizen" Train used to tell of a little Union Square girl to whom he once gave a rich cake. She ate it and asked for another.

"I'd like to give you another" said the old man, "but it would make you sick."

"Give it to me, anyway," said the little girl. "At the dispensary I can get medicine for nothin'."

Forgot and Looked Back

Senator Chauncey M. Depew, famous for his post-prandial speeches, is the author of this story:

'One day I met a soldier who had been wounded in the face. He was a Union man, and I asked him in which battle he had been injured.

"'In the last battle of Bull Run, sir, he replied.

"'But how could you get hit in the face at Bull Run?' I asked.

"'Well, sir,' said the man, half apologetically, 'after I had run a mile or two I got careless and looked back'."

One on the Poet.

Elijah was smiling gleefully
"Thank goodness" he exclaimed
I got my raven in ahead of Poe's!"
With a a happy smile he turned to
partake of the table d'hote provided.

Leap Year Episode.

He—I wonder what makes Miss Elderleigh so awfully nervous?

She—Why, this is the first opportunity she has had in eight years.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Some men make enemies instead of friends because it is less trouble.

Hand Power Hay Press $28.00.

Greatest, simplest, best invention of the age. A boy can make regular sized 14x18x48 in. bales like fun, and two boys can bale three tons per day easily.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 5c. stamps for mailing, and get their big catalog, fully describing this great Hay Press, so also hundreds of tools and thousands of varieties of Farm and Vegetable Seeds. [A.C.L.]

It is easy to put on a bold front if you have good backing.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

A short sighted man always expects his neighbor to look through his glasses.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

When it comes to drawing conclusions all women are natural born artists.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Teething Disorders, Stomach Troubles and Destroy Worms; 30,000 testimonials of cures. All druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

What a pity it is that people who worry over trifles haven't something worth while to trouble them.

For $1.65 Money Order.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postpaid 15 trees, consisting of Apricots, Apples, Crabs, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Bismark Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of $1.65.

AND FOR 16C. AND THIS NOTICE

you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. [A.C.L.]

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, per package, than others.

The trouble about people who borrow trouble is they always pay it back.

WIT AND HUMOR

THE WAY OF IT.

Tis hard to get along in life
If Fortune smile or frown,
For first you live your income up
Then try to live it down.

HIS SUCCESS.

"I owe my success in life to hard work," said the great magnate.

But he neglected to add that it was largely the hard work of other people.—Chicago Record-Herald.

TAKING THE CHANCES.

"Some day you will reap the consequences of your sins."

"Yes, of course; but there'll be lots of new harvesting machinery invented by that time."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

WEATHER SIGNS.

Mrs. Strongley—John, mother is coming to spend a week with us.

Mr. Strongley—Thunder and lightning.

Mrs. Strongley—No, just reign.—Butte Inter-Mountain.

TOMMY

"Pa," said little Tommy, getting a bright idea, "I can do something you can't."

"What?" demanded pa.

"Grow," replied the youngster.—Catholic Standard and Times.

APPRECIATIVE.

Fond Parent—I understand the faculty are very much pleased with your work.

Dropped Junior—Yes, they encored my sophomore year.—Princeton Tiger.

ALL RIGHT IN THE DAYTIME.

Clark—Is Jynks honest?

Dearborn—You can trust him all day long.

Clark—Can, hey?

Dearborn—Yes, he works nights.—Chicago News.

HASN'T CAUGHT UP.

Bertha—What a queer man that young professor is!

Ethel—Yes; I talked about new books, and he said he hadn't got through reading Shakespeare yet.—Detroit Free Press.

FOR GOOD.

Maud—I understand you are about to lose the young pastor that has been preaching for you the last year or two.

Mabel—Yes; he's going to be married next week.—Chicago Tribune.

IN POOR SIGHT.

Nell—Mamie is going to marry an optician.

Bells—Is he wealthy?

Nell—I don't know. She says there's a lot of money in sight for him.—Philadelphia Ledger.

NO OUTWARD EVIDENCE.

Irene (at the reception)—That is Mrs. Breyne. Everybody says she is one of the most gifted women, intellectually, in the country.

Reggis—How can she be? Her clothes fit her to perfection.—Chicago Tribune.

NOT TO BE REPEATED.

Mrs. Bloodgood—And where is your daughter, Mrs. Newrich?

Mrs. Newrich—Shes traveling abroad. Her last letter was from—oh, I can't remember—some unmentionable place in Europe.—Harper's Bazar.

RESEMBLANCE.

La Montt—Made a terrible blunder to-day. Saw a man in a rubber suit and cap and asked him if he was a sewer cleaner.

La Moyne—Who was he?

La Montt—Millionaire chauffeur.—Chicago News.

NARROW ESCAPE.

"What have you been doing in that woodshed?" demanded the stern parent.

"S-smoking, sir," replied the boy.

"Smoking cigarettes, eh?"

"No; smoking glass. I'm interested in sun spots, pop."—Chicago News.

OF COURSE.

"You have such beastly idiotic jokes here, don't ye know," complained the Briton. "Met a chap to-day who told me of a man who called his goat Nearly,' because it was 'almost.'"

"Ha, ha, you mean because it was 'all but.'"

"Well, 'almost' is the same as 'all but.'"—Philadelphia Press.

WILLING TO RELIEVE HIM.

"It is a generous and helpful world," said the multimillionaire.

"Indeed?"

"Yes; when it was announced that I desired to die a comparatively poor man there was a general movement to assist me in the enterprise."—Washington Star.

Mr. Chamberlain's organization has already circulated more than 16,000,000 pamphlets, setting forth its views as to protective tariffs, and the Free Trade Union has issued 14,000,000.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW

General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says: Business conditions would be most satisfactory if present high prices for the leading staples were the result of wholesome demand, but the prominence of manipulation prevents any such gratifying conclusion. Aside from the lines temporarily stimulated by severe weather, trade is quiet, and evidences of increased activity with the approach of Spring are hopefully awaited. Weather conditions are favorable for Winter wheat. Transportation has suffered some interruption by storms, but railway earnings thus far reported for January are 3.8 per cent. larger than in 1903.

Failures this week numbered 302 in the United States, against 243 last year, and 28 in Canada, compared with 30 a year ago.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending January 28, aggregate 2,917,622 bushels, against 3,538,192 last week, 4,420,065 this week last year 3,702,368 in 1902, and 3,776,000 in 1901. Corn exports for the week aggregate 1,469,396 bushels, against 1,150,202 last week, 2,045,000 a year ago, 427,018 in 1902, and 2,487,707 in 1901.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.95@4.15; best Patent $5.70; choice family $4.45.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 94c; Philadelphia No. 2, 92@92½; Baltimore No. 2, 92@93c.

Corn—New York, No. 2, 56c; Philadelphia No. 2, 50¼@57c; Baltimore No 2, 51@52.

Oats—New York, No. 2, 46c; Philadelphia No. 2, 46@46½; Baltimore No 2 46@46½c.

Hay.—No. 1 timothy, large bales ——@$16.00; do, do, small bales, $16.00@——; No. 2 timothy $14.50@15.50.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Apples—New York Kings, per brl $3.00@3.50; do, do, Baldwins, per brl $2.50@2.75. Cranberries—Cape Cod, per brl $7.00@8.00; do, do, per box $2.00@2.25 Grape Fruit, Florida, per box $4.00@5.00. Oranges—Florida, 126's to 216's per box $2.50@2.75; do, do, 250's and smaller, per box $2.25@2.50. Tangerines, Florida, per box $3.00@4.00. Beets—Native, per bunch 3@4c; do, do, per box 75c@$1.00. Brocoli—Native, per box 30@40c; do, Norfolk, per brl $1.00@1.10. Brussel sprouts, per qt 10@12c. Cabbage—New York, domestic per ton $35.00@40.00; do, do, Danish per ton $45.00@50.00. Carrots—Native per bunch 3@4c; do, do, per box 55@65. Celery—Native, per bunch, 3@4c do, California, per crate $4.25@4.50 Cauliflower, California, per crate $3.25@3.50. Horseradish—Native, per bu box $1.50@2.00. Kale, native, per bu box 35@40c. Lettuce—North Carolina, per ½ brl 75c@$1.25; do, Florida, per basket $1.00@1.75. Onions—Yellow, Pennsylvania, per bu 80@90c; do, do, New York, per bu 90@95; do, red, per bu 80@85; do, white, per bu $1.00@1.10 Parsnips, native per box 90c@$1.00.

Potatoes.—White — Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia, per bu 70@75c; do, Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime, per bu 75@80. Sweets—Yellows, Maryland and Virginia, per brl $1.50@2.25; do, Potomac, per brl $2.25@2.50 Yams—Virginia, per brl $1.50@2.00; do, Potomac, Maryland per brl $1.50@2.00.

Live and Dressed Poultry.—Turkeys, choice hens, 17@19c; do, young toms, choice, 16@18; do, old toms, choice, 16. Chickens, hens, 12@14c; do, old roosters, each 25@30; do, young, —@14; do, do, rough and staggy, 12@13. Ducks, fancy, large, —@15c; do, do, small, —@13; do, muscovy and mongreis, 13@14. Geese, Western, each 65@75c. Guinea fowl, each 25@30c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys, hens, good to choice, 18@20; do, hens and young toms, mixed, good to choice, 18@19; do, young toms, good to choice —@18; do, old toms, do, do, 16@—. Ducks, good to choice, 14@16. Chickens, young, good to choice, 14@15; mixed, old and young, 14@15; do, poor to medium, —@13 Geese, good to choice, 12@14. Capons, fancy, large, —@20c; do, good to choice, 18@19; do, slips and small, 15@17.

Eggs.—Nearby, strictly fresh, loss off, dozen, 30@32c; Eastern Shore (Maryland and Virginia), loss off, per dozen 30@31; Virginia, do, 30@31; West Virginia, do, —@30.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Cattle — Receipts 18,000 head. Market 25 to 40c lower; dull; good to prime steers $4.80@5.50; poor to medium $4.00@4.60; stockers and feeders $2.40@4.00; cows and heifers $1.50@4.50; canners $1.50@2.25; bulls, $1.75@4.30; calves $3.50@7.25. Hogs—Receipts today 37,000 head; tomorrow 30,000; mixed and butchers $4.80@5.10; good to choice heavy $5.00@5.15; rough heavy $4.75@5.00; light $4.60@5.00; bulk of sales $4.85@5.00. Sheep—Receipts 20,000 head. Sheep and lambs 10 to 25c lower; good to choice wethers $4.20@4.60; fair to choice mixed $3.75@4.10; native lambs $4.50@6.00.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Cattle—Supply light; market steady; choice $5.10@5.35; prime $4.85@5.10; fair $3.50@4.00. Hogs—Receipts fair; 30 double decks; market lower; prime heavy $5.20@5.25; mediums $5.15@5.20; heavy Yorkers $5.10@5.15; light Yorkers 5.05@5.15; pigs $5; roughs $3.50@4.60. Sheep—Supply fair; market slow; prime wethers $4.60@4.75; culls and common $2@3; choice lambs $6.40@6.50; veal calves $7.50@8.00.

INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

It costs $2740 to kill a man in war.

The average wage for labor in Spain is 48 cents a day.

The annual cost of Boston's schools is $34.98 per pupil.

Colombia lost 150,000 San Blas Indians with the isthmus.

American fashion plates are used in German tailor shops.

The United States sold Korea about $400,000; worth last year.

The first cultivated rose is said to have been planted in Belgium in the year 1522.

It takes nearly 160,000 fair and 165,000 brown hairs to cover adequately an ordinary head.

The port Niu Chuang, at the mouth of the Liao river, is the greatest bean market in the world.

Korean commerce amounts to about $15,000,000 per annum; the imports being double the exports.

The cost of taking the first census was a little over 1 cent per head; that of the last census 17 cents.

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.

"The world of medicine recognizes Grip as epidemic catarrh."—Medical Talk.

LA GRIPPE is epidemic catarrh. It spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip." Without intending to do so a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful Grip had clutched us in its fatal clasp. Men, women, children, whole towns and cities are caught in the baneful grip of a terrible monster.

The following letters speak for themselves as to the efficacy of Peruna in cases of la grippe or its after effects.

After Effects of La Grippe Eradicated by Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. Fred Weinberger, Westerlo, Albany County, N. Y., writes:

"Several years ago I had an attack of la grippe which left my nerves in a prostrated condition. Then I had another attack of la grippe which left me worse. I had tried three good physicians, but all in vain. I gave Peruna a trial. In a short time I was feeling better, and now I am as well as any one."—Mrs. Fred Weinberger.

Hon. James R. Guill, of Omaha.

Hon. James R. Guill is one of the oldest and most esteemed men of Omaha, Neb. He has done much to make it what it is, serving on public boards a number of times. He endorses Peruna in the following words:

"I am 68 years old, am hale and hearty, and Peruna has helped me attain it. Two years ago I had la grippe—my life was despaired of. Peruna saved me."—J. R. Guill.

A Relative of Abraham Lincoln.

Mr. Silas S. Lincoln, who resides at 913 I Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., has the honor of being third cousin to Abraham Lincoln. He writes:

"I had la grippe five times before using your medicine. Four years ago I began the use of Peruna, since which time I have not been troubled with that disease. I can now do as much work at my desk as I ever could in my life. I have gained more than ten pounds in weight."—S. S. Lincoln.

Pe-ru-na Not Only Cured La Grippe But Benefited the Whole System.

Miss Alice M. Dressler, 1312 N. Bryant Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., writes:

"Last spring I suffered from la grippe and was partially cured, but the bad after effects remained through the summer, and somehow I did not get strong as I was before. One of my college friends who was visiting me asked me to try Peruna and I did so, and found it all and more than I had expected. It not only cured me of the catarrh, but restored me to perfect health, built up the entire system and brought a happy feeling of buoyancy which I had not known for years."—Alice M. Dressler.

An Actress' Testimonial.

Miss Jean Cowgill, Griswold Opera House, Troy, N. Y., is the leading lady with the Aubrey Stock Co. She writes the following:

"During the past winter of 1901 I suffered for several weeks from a severe attack of grippe, which left a serious catarrhal condition of the throat and head.

"Some one suggested Peruna. As a last resort, after wasting much time and money on physicians, I tried the remedy faithfully, and in a few weeks was as well as ever."—Jean Cowgill.

A Southern Judge Cured.

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes:

"Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grippe, which left me with systemic catarrh. A friend advised me to try your Peruna, which I did, and was immediately benefited and cured. The third bottle completed the cure."—H. J. Goss.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

German Hearts.

Diseases of the heart have been on the increase in Germany in recent years, one person in every seven being afflicted. Influenza, alcoholism and excessive addiction to bicycling and other sports are named by Dr. Steckel as the chief causes.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The United States now has three cities of more than a million inhabitants, but the fourth, St. Louis, has about 600,000.

Savings deposits in Chicago banks have passed the $100,000,000 mark. In the past year they have increased more than $20,000,000.

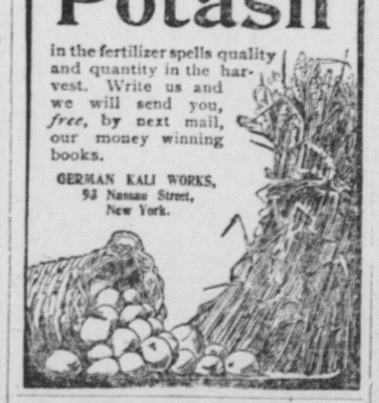
A Golden Rule of Agriculture:

Be good to your land and your crop will be good. Plenty of

Potash

in the fertilizer spells quality and quantity in the harvest. Write us and we will send you, *free*, by next mail, our money winning books.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau Street,
New York.



I PAY SPOT CASH FOR MILITARY BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS

issued to soldiers of any war. Write me at once. FRANK H. REGER, 17 Barth Block, Denver, Colo.

SUFFERED A THOUSAND DEATHS

Five Physicians had done their best to cure James Wilkes, of Dillon, S. C., who had one of the most terrible cases of RHEUMATISM on record. They all failed until one doctor prescribed—

Rheumacide

IT CURED HELPLESS CRIPPLE.

Mr. Wilkes writes in the course of a long letter, dated August 18, 1902:

"My legs were drawn back until my feet touched my hips. I was as helpless as a baby for nearly 12 months. The muscles of my arms and legs were hard and shriveled up. I suffered death many times over. Was treated by six different physicians in McColl, Dillon and Marion, but none of them could do me any good, until Dr. J. P. Ewing, of Dillon, told me to try your RHEUMACIDE. I began to take it, and before the first bottle was used up I began to get better. I used 5½ bottles and was completely cured."

Dr. J. P. Ewing confirms Mr. Wilkes' statement in every particular.

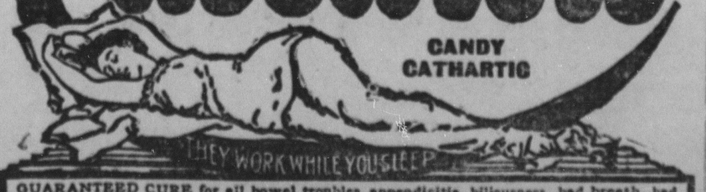
FREE TRIAL BOTTLE SENT ON APPLICATION TO

BOBBITT CHEMICAL CO., PROPRIETORS, BALTIMORE, MD

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 509

SALZER'S FARM SEED NOVELTIES

Salzer's National Oats.

Most prolific Oats on earth. The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, says: "Salzer's Oats are the best out of over four hundred sorts tested by us." This grand Oat yielded in Wisconsin 156 bu., Ohio 187 bu., Michigan 231 bu., Missouri 255 bu., and North Dakota 216 bu. per acre, and will positively do as well by you. Try it, sir, and be convinced.

A Few Sworn to Yields.

Salzer's Beardless Barley, 121 bu. per A. Salzer's Remodeled Corn, 204 bu. per A. Salzer's Big Four Oats, 250 bu. per A. Salzer's New National Oats, 230 bu. per A. Salzer's Potatoes, 756 bu. per A. Salzer's Onions, 1,600 bu. per A.

All of our Farm and Vegetable Seeds are pedigreed stock, bred right up to big yields.

Salzer's Speltz (Emmer).

Greatest cereal wonder of the age. It is not corn nor wheat, but rye, nor barley, nor oats, but a golden combination of them all, yielding 80 bu. of grain and 4 tons of rich hay per acre. Greatest stock food on earth. Does well everywhere.

Salzer's Million Dollar Grass.

Most talked of grass on earth. Editors and College Professors and Agricultural Lecturers praise it without stint; yields 14 tons of rich hay and lots of pasture besides, per acre.

Salzer's Teosinte.

Salzer's Teosinte produces 118 rich, juicy, sweet, leafy stocks from one kernel of seed, 14 feet high in 90 days; yielding fully 80 tons of green fodder per acre, doing well everywhere, East, West, South or North.

Grasses and Clovers.

Only large growers of grasses and clovers for seed in America. Operate over 5,000 acres. Our seeds are warranted. We make a great specialty of Grasses and Clovers, Fodder Plants, Corn, Potatoes, Onions, Cabbage, and all sorts of Vegetable Seeds.

For 10c in Stamps

and the name of this paper, we will send you a lot of farm seed samples, including some of above, together with our mammoth 10c page illustrated catalogue, for but 10c in postage stamps.

Send for same to-day.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
LA CROSSE, WIS.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1904.

Do You Want R. R. Ticket to Atlantic City Or Five Dollars in Gold? How to Get It.

An excursion ticket to Atlantic City, or $5.00 in cash, will be given to the person securing the most new subscribers to the Centre Reporter

BEFORE MARCH 1st, 1904
BEFORE APRIL 1st. 1904
BEFORE MAY 1st, 1904

Remember, three prizes are offered, each contest terminating at the time specified One person may secure the three prizes. For instance: A. B, and C enter the contest. On March first A has secured ten subscribers, B eight subscribers and C six subscribers. A takes the prize.

For the second contest A starts with ten, B with eight and C with six The third contest will be entered in the same way.

The Reporter and Tri-Week y World will be given one year for $1.00 which will count twenty points. The Centre Reporter will be given eighteen months for $1 00, which will count thirty points.

No names now on the Reporter subscription list will be accepted in this contest.

In each contest the winner must at least secure five new subscribers.

All subscriptions must be paid cash in advance.

THE MASTER PRIZE

Any person or persons gaining 750 points on the above basis, during any one period designated above, will be given an Excursion Ticket to Atlantic City or $5 00 in cash.

The person winning the Master Prize will also be qualified to win any of the other prizes.

Suppose: During any period A gains 800 points, and B 750 points. A gets the first period prize and a Master Prize: B gets only a Master Prize.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Evangelical—Lemont morning; Linden Hall, afternoon.

Methodist—Kesmerville, Morning; Aarensburg, afternoon; Millheim, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, evening; Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon, special Foreign Mission service.

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening.

SALE REGISTER.

TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 9 a m.—Hiram Lee, three miles east of Bellefonte, seven horses, eleven milch cows, two good bulls, lot young cattle, sheep, hogs, new Crown drill, full line farm implements, all household goods.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9—Wm. H Smith, two miles west of Madisonburg 3 work horses, 4 cows, 3 heifers, 6 sheep 5 shoats, wagons, implements. Sale to begin at one o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16—Jacob Detwiler, near Penns Cave, farm stock and implements.

TUESDAY, MARCH 15—Levi Stump, one mile south east of Tusseyville, farm stock, implements etc

MONDAY 12 M., MARCH 14—John A Yearick, half mile east of Farmers Mills. Three good, western draft horses, 4 cows, 6 young cattle, 13 sheep, 6 shoats, line of good farm implements.

THURSDAY, MARCH 17—J. W. Conley, Centre Hall.

SATURDAY, MARCH 19—Christian Houser, three miles west of Centre Hall, household goods, blacksmith tools, spring wagon, cutter, also one horse

TUESDAY 1 P M., MARCH 22—F. P. Vonada, three-fourths mile south of Penns Cave, 4 milch cows, 1 heifer, 5 head of Young cattle, 1 colt, spring wagon, Portland sleigh, farming implements, etc.

SATURDAY MARCH 26—George Calvin King, at Spring Mills hotel, household goods, etc.

SATURDAY, MARCH 26—Mrs. Myra Kerr. Centre Hall household goods.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are authorized to announce Arthur B. Kimport, of Harris township, as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic convention.

We are authorized to announce William Groh Runkle, of Bellefonte, as a candidate for nomination for the office of District Attorney of Centre County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

Manor Hill School Closed.

The Manor Hill school was closed Monday, owing to the prevalence of scarlet fever in that district. The disease had been in that school district since the beginning of the present year, but no precautions were taken until the penalty for negligence had been paid, which was the untimely death of Master Harry Breon.

First Brick House in Hublersburg.

While Hublersburg is an old, old town, it will have its first brick house erected next summer. The dwelling will be constructed for the use of Miss Rockey, by her representative, S. P. Hockman, of Hecla, who at one time lived on the Krape farm in Gregg township. The contractors for the wood work are the Hagen Brothers, of Farmers Mills, while Al Osman, of Centre Hall, will do the brick work.

No Peaches the Coming Year.

Dr. J. M. Dumm, of Mackeyville, differs materially with some of the peach growers of the state about the outlook for a crop of this luscious fruit next summer. The doctor has an orchard of 3000 bearing peach trees and after the recent cold snap he was of the opinion that the buds had been greatly damaged as they cannot withstand a temperature lower than from fifteen to twenty degrees below zero. He removed a number of branches from different trees in his orchard and carefully examined over one hundred buds, all of which were frozen, this confirming his fears. Hence it is the opinion of Dr. Dumm that the peach crop not only of Clinton county, but all through Pennsylvania will be a total failure. Here and there, where a tree was partially protected by sheds or otherwise, there may be a few peaches.

Send the local news to the Reporter.

Selected Delegates.

Pennsylvania's delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention in St. Louis will be Colonel James M. Guffey, of Pittsburg; former Governor Robert E. Pattison, of Philadelphia; State Chairman J. K. P. Hall, of Ridgeway, Elk county, and former State Chairman Robert E. Wright, of Allentown, Lehigh county.

Reduced Rates to Atlanta.

On account of the meeting of the Department of Superintendence, National Educational Association, to be held at Atlanta, Ga., February 23 to 25, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Atlanta, February 20 to 22, inclusive, good to return to reach original starting point not later than February 27, from all stations on its lines, at reduced rates. For full information apply to ticket agents.

Explanation.

In the court report a statement was made in the Reifsnyder case which is misleading. It appears that the defendant, J. H. Reifsnyder, Esq, of Millheim, did not borrow the $300 from the plaintiff, but merely put that sum to interest for the plaintiff and on November 23 he made a tender of the sum involved. Before the case was called, the plaintiff agreed to accept the money previously tendered, and pay the costs of the suit. This was done and the case thus settled.

An Afflicted Family.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. John Breon, about two miles west of Centre Hall, is sorely afflicted. Early Saturday morning one of their sons died of scarlet fever, an account of which is given elsewhere in this issue, and at the same time the mother; Sarah, aged about sixteen; and Edgar, aged thirteen, were ill with the same disease. Saturday afternoon, the eldest daughter, Mrs. Cloyd Brooks, was similarly stricken, and since has been in a critical condition. The other members of the family have recovered.

Almost Frozen to Death.

Mrs. John Biddle, wife of a Huston township farmer, entered a chicken coop Wednesday morning of last week to feed the poultry. The wind slammed the door shut hard enough to set the deadlatch, making her a prisoner. The thermometer stood at ten degrees below zero, and it was several hours before a neighbor, passing along the road, saw a handkerchief waving from a small window of the hen house and investigated. Mrs. Biddle was found almost unconscious from the intense cold. Her feet and hands were frozen and she is in a serious condition.

State Will Observe Lincoln Day.

The ninety-fifth anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln will be observed at Pennsylvania State College Friday of this week. The program follows:

1. { Invocation, By Professor Gill. / The Lord's Prayer—Chant.
2. Anthem—To Thee, Oh Country, great and free.
3. Oration—Abraham Lincoln. By the Hon. John Patton, former U. S. Senator from the State of Michigan.
4. Battle Hymn of the Republic.
5. (a) Lincoln the Man, By Wade H. Barnes. (b) Lincoln the Politician, By Calvin H. Waller. (c) Lincoln the President, By John D. Elder
6. —My Country, 'tis of Thee.

Salary Bill is Operative.

Attorney General Carson handed down a lengthy opinion in which he decided that the act of the last Legislature increasing the salaries of judges of the various courts does not conflict with the Constitution and that the judges are entitled to the increase irrespective of the dates of their commission. The salaries as fixed by the new law are as follows:

Supreme Court Judges	$10,500
Superior Court Judges	9,000
Courts of Common Pleas—	
In districts having a population less than 90,000	5,000
In districts having a population over 90,000	6,000

Districts with but one common pleas judge get $1,000 additional.

No compensation will be allowed for holding court in other districts than the one for which judges are commissioned.

The Wabash—Nit.

If newspaper reports are correct, the Wabash railroad will not be extended east from Pittsburg at the present time.

It is stated that the Pennsylvania and the W bash have come to an understanding whereby the freight of the latter is to pass over the Pennsylvania eastward from Pittsburg.

The detailed course of the Wabash line as surveyed through Penns Valley and Georges Valley, in last week's Reporter was given to a point near the Synagogue church, in Georges Valley, where the line passes over the buildings of Jacob Jamison. From there the line leads to the south side of and close by George Breon, to thirty feet south of the dwelling of John Wagner, to thirty rods north of Wm Zerby, to thirty feet south of the buildings of Wm. Lingle, to the Allison farm, occupied by Mr. Hackenberg, at which point the line joins the survey made early in the fall, and leads south of Penns Creek through the mountains, and over Paddy Mountain.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

LOCALS.

Rebekah social Friday evening.

Lincoln Musser, of Fillmore, will move to Bellefonte in the spring.

An effort is being made to establish a canning factory at Mifflinburg.

James and Clyde Smith, of Williamsport, were home over Sunday.

Mrs. J. M. Rearick Tuesday morning went to Snyder county to visit relatives.

Christ. Alexander, of Millheim, was in town last week to attend the farmers' institute.

Christ Decker will change his residence from near Zion to Bellefonte beginning of April.

Claude Stahl, who had been ill for the past two weeks, has recovered. He is located at Wall.

Al. Dale, Esq., was present at several sessions of the farmers' institute held in Centre Hall last week.

Bellefonte in the spring will gain a good citizen in the person of Lou Rearick, now living near that place.

In another column will be found extracts from laws bearing on contagious diseases. The reading will be worth the time.

F. E. Arney is suffering great pain from a burn on the eye ball received some time ago while assisting to cast in the Centre Hall foundry.

Joel Kerstetter will become a citizen of Union county in the spring, and will move from near the station to the James Persley farm, near Laurelton. The farm is said to be very productive.

Hugh. Calahan, of Pleasant Gap, was a caller Monday on his way home from Naginey, Mifflin county, where he is engaged in a stone quarry. He will be off duty only until today (Thursday.) Mr. Calahan states that nearly sixty men are employed in the quarries, and that the average output is one thousand tons per day. The product is used entirely at the Burnham works.

The announcements of Arthur B. Kimport, of Harris township, and William Groh Runkle, Esq, of Bellefonte, for the offices of prothonotary and district attorney, respectively, appear in this issue of the Reporter. Both are young men and well known on the South Side of Centre county. Mr. Runkle, although a resident of Bellefonte, was born and raised in Potter township. If nominated, the Reporter will be pleased to give these gentlemen its most hearty support.

A Bright Outlook.

Prof. J. A. Young is much encouraged with the number of persons who have enlisted as scholars in the "Normal and Preparatory School" to open in Centre Hall in April.

Florida.

The second Jacksonville tour of the season via the Pennsylvania Railroad, allowing two weeks in Florida, leaves New York, Philadelphia, and Washington by special train February 16. Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodation (one berth,) and meals en route in both directions while traveling on the special train will be sold from Williamsport for $50 00, and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Normal and Preparatory School

The Centre Hall Normal and Preparatory School will be opened in April and continue for ten weeks.

Two courses will be arranged; one for those preparing to enter college and another for those who are fitting themselves for teaching.

The first course will include, Plane and Solid Geometry, Beginner's Latin, Caesar and Virgil, English and General History, and such other studies as may seem necessary for the preparation of the student.

The teacher's course will include, in addition to studies of the first course which may be elected by the student, the History of Education, Elements of Psychology, Pedagogy, and Botany.

Other subjects will be added as may be required.

Arrangements have also been made by which any of the subjects, that are included in the High School course, may be taken and credit for the work will be given.

Every effort is being made to provide work, which will, within reasonable limits, meet the demands of all applicants and no pains will be spared in making the term pleasant and profitable to all.

Any further information as to terms, books, etc., will be gladly furnished.

Address,
JOHN A YOUNG,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Another Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Parker Triplett, of Grigsby, Va., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him permanent relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed, and he would not be without it. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills.

DEATHS.

DANIEL WOLFE.

Daniel Wolfe, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Aaronsburg, died at the age of eighty-two years, and six months. Mr. Wolfe was born and raised in Gregg township, and lived there until 1842, when he moved to Haines township and has lived there ever since. His wife and one son preceded him to the eternal world, the boy dying in 1851 and his wife four years ago last January. Three children are left to mourn his death, Mrs. Howard Miller, of Rebersburg; Charles, of Aaronsburg, and Thomas, of Flat Rock, Ohio. Interment was made at Wolf's Chapel. A large concourse of relatives and friends followed him to his last resting place. Services took place in the Reformed church at Aaronsburg, conducted by Rev. Lauffer.

Mr. Wolfe was the son of George Wolfe and one of a family of seven children. There is only one surviving member, Mrs. Jacob Condo, of Boalsburg.

MRS. EMMA KISTER.

Mrs. Emma Kister, wife of Thomas J. Kister, died at the residence of her father, Thomas Edmunds, at Aaronsburg, Monday morning, 1st inst, aged thirty-nine years. Interment in the Reformed cemetery at Aaronsburg Wednesday afternoon following. Services were conducted at the house, Rev. Lauffer officiating.

She with her husband lived in Odell, Illinois, for several years, but her health failing she longed for the home of her childhood and he thinking it would do her good, brought her back, but she gradually grew weaker with that dreaded disease consumption, and after several months of suffering passed away. She leaves to mourn their loss a husband, a little boy five years of age, a father, mother, and five brothers and sisters, namely: Clement, of Mazeppa; Benjamin, of Pittsburg; Mrs Clara Shaffer, of Williamsport; Mrs. Dora Weaver, of Coburn, and Lizzie, at home.

ABRAM S. VALENTINE.

Abram S Valentine, one of the pioneers of the iron industry in Centre county, and a christian gentleman whose many good qualities of mind and heart commended him to all who knew him, passed away Monday morning at 2 o'clock at the home of his sister-in-law, Miss Emily Natt, in Bellefonte. He had been ailing for some time and death was due to a general breaking down of the system.

Abram Sharpless Valentine was born in Bellefonte, October 16, 1835, and was the son of Abram S. Valentine, Sr., one of the original Valentine brothers, who, in 1815, came to Bellefonte from Chester county and engaged in the Charcoal iron business. These Valentines are direct descendants of Robert Valentine who died in England in 1650. Thomas Valentine was the first to come to this country, locating in Chester county in 1720.

HARRY BREON.

A very sad death occurred in the family of Mr. and Mrs John Breon on the Rhone farm, west of Centre Hall, Saturday morning at three o'clock, when their son Harry was called to rest. His age was about thirteen years, and was one of twin brothers. Death was due to scarlet fever, and the lad was ill but thirty-six hours.

Private interment was made at Centre Hall Sunday afternoon, but two members of the family—father and eldest brother—witnessing the burial. The remaining members of the family were ill with fever.

MRS. ROSE EMERICK.

Mrs Rose Emerick, wife of John Emerick, died at her home at Smullton, aged fifty-six years. She left to survive her husband and five children, Charles E, of New York City; Forest M and William M., of Punxsutawney; Marion E. and R. Lynn, at home.

Deceased was a fond and loving mother, a kind and generous friend and neighbor, always ready and willing to lend a helping hand to the needy and distressed. Interment in the Union cemetery.

George Kahl, of Greenbur, died of the infirmities of old age, in the seventy-ninth year of his age. He is survived by his wife and daughter, Mrs. John Warntz, of Greenbur. Rev. Weizel, of Rebersburg, officiated, and interment was made at Greenbur.

College of Music.

$34 pays six weeks instruction and board at the College of Music, Freeburg, Pa. Piano, organ, singing, brass and string instruments taught. Young people as well cared for as at home. Terms begin May 2, June 13 and July 25. For catalogue address, HENRY B. MOYER.

VIN-TE-NA The Great Nerve Tonic, Body Builder, Blood Purifier. A Specific for all Nervous Conditions requiring a Tonic-Strengthening Medicine. It makes Pure Blood; gives Strength and Vigor to both the Nervous and Muscular Systems. If not benefited money refunded. J. D. Murray, Druggist.

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New Cash Store.

Bargains for Everybody.

This CLEARANCE SALE includes first-class goods of every line, and the prices which are being placed on the goods are exceptionally low. Your money cheerfully refunded if goods don't suit you.

To satisfactorily conduct this sale we have purchased a BARGAIN COUNTER upon which goods will be placed for your inspection A different line of goods will be placed on the Counter each day, and prices marked to ROCK BOTTOM. Sale to continue for a limited time only.

Any of your FARM PRODUCTS will be taken in exchange for goods.

TERMS—Strictly Cash or Produce.

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SPRING MILLS, PA. **B. W. RIPKA.**

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Housekeepers Look . . . . To Your Interests

WE HAVE

35 Chamber Suits	from	$18 00 to	$60 00
25 Sideboards	from	9 50 to	27 00
25 Couches	from	5 00 to	25 00
75 Rockers	from	1 25 to	15 00
20 Extension Tables	from	5 50 to	8 50
50 Parlor Stands	from	90 to	6 50
10 Iron Beds	from	5 00 to	12 50
Organs	from	44 50 to	58 50
Pianos	from	175 00 to	200 00
Carpets	from	39c to	60c per yd.
Mattresses	from	2 75 to	10 00
Pattern Table Cloth			19c per yd.

Window Shades, Curtain Poles,
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We will make a Discount of 15 Per Cent. on all Cash Sales between Now and April 1st, 1904.

If you expect to go to Housekeeping come and see my stock, compare the prices and be convinced that you get the highest value for your money.

My Motto for 1904 will be . . . . . "Quick Sales and Small Profits"

If I do not have what you want, I will get it for you.

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Calls answered promptly, Day or Night. Terms and Prices reasonable.

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VIN-TE-NA, The World's Greatest Tonic will cure all forms of Cough, Bronchial Trouble, Coughs of long standing, and the earlier stages of Consumption. When cough syrups fail take Vin-te-na and if it fails to benefit you your money will be cheerfully refunded. J. D. Murray, Druggist.

The best physic. "Once tried and you will always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says William A. Girard, Pease, Vt. These Tablets are the most prompt, most pleasant and most reliable cathartic in use. For sale by C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

SABBATH-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A district Sabbath-School Convention will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Lemont, Saturday, 13th inst. The program as rearranged follows:

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 1 O'CLOCK.

Invocation. . . . . Rev. Walter Harnish.
Address: The Sunday School Superintendent. . . . . Dr. D. M. Wolf.
Address: Needs of a District Association. . . . . E. K. Smith.
Appointment of Committees.
Discussion: The teachers' preparation, and their appearance before their classes. Miss Maude Moore, Prof. Tudor, Rev. Denniston.
Discussion: The teachers' influence outside of the school. Rev. C. T. Aikens, Rev. Edgar Heckman, John I. Thompson.
Discussion: How can we interest the boys and girls between the ages of twelve and eighteen years? Rev. J. M. Rearick, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher.
Address: Home Department. . . . . Dr. W. H. Schuyler.
Report of committees, and election of officers.

SATURDAY EVENING, 7 O'CLOCK.

Invocation. . . . . Dr. W. H. Schuyler.
Five minutes' talk by new president.
Discussion: How can we increase the attendance of our Sunday schools? Rev. A. A. Black, Rev. J. F. Shultz.
Discussion: Grading of Sunday Schools. . Rev. May Whitehead, John S. Dale.
Discussion: Primary teaching. . Mrs. George Williams, Rev. Walter Harnish.